

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises, On Tuesday the 13th of November next, the Real Estate of JOHN ECKENRODE, sen., late of Mount Pleasant township, Adams county, deceased, consisting of a

TRACT OF LAND, situate in said township, adjoining lands of David Dietrich, heirs of George Wolford, deceased, and others, containing

15 Acres, more or less.

The improvements are a two-story Log Dwelling House, Frame Weather-boarded STABLE, a spring near the house, and a Young ORCHARD. There is a portion of the land in good Meadow. The public road from Comfort's Tavern to the Baltimore Turnpike at White Run Bridge, passes by said Lot. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m.—Attendance given, and terms made known by HENRY ECKENRODE, Adm'r. By the Court—H. DESWIDDE, Clerk. Oct. 22.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale, at the late residence of HUGH SCOTT, sen., deceased, in Franklin township, Adams county, On Wednesday the 14th of November, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following Personal Property, to wit:

Horses, Cows, Sheep & Hogs, TWO WAGONS, one broad-tread and one narrow, 1 Hay Rake, 1 pair Wood Ladders, 1 Wheelbarrow, 11 mowing Mill, 2 Stoves, 1 Shot Gun, Ploughs and Harrows, Saddle & Bridle, Horse Gears, Shigh and Sled, OATS AND CORN, 1 eight-day Clock, Tables and Chairs, Desk, BEDS AND BEDDING, Two Shares of Gettysburg and Petersburg Turnpike Stock, a lot of BOOKS, together with a great variety of articles too numerous to mention. Attendance given, and terms made known by ABRAHAM SCOTT, Adm'r. Oct. 29.

NEW FALL GOODS.

Still Cheaper, & No Humbug!

D. MIDDLECOFF

HAS just received from Philadelphia, an extensive and very complete assortment of American, French, and English DRY GOODS, embracing every variety of style and quality, having been selected with reference to the Fall Sales, and will be offered at prices to challenge competition. Feeling confident that purchasers will further their interests in so doing, he respectfully solicits an examination of his goods and prices. Oct. 1.

TURNPIKE ELECTION.

THE Stockholders in the Gettysburg and Petersburg Turnpike Company will take notice that an ELECTION will be held in Gettysburg, on Monday the 12th of November next, for the purpose of choosing, by a majority of the said Stockholders, by ballot, to be delivered in person, or by proxy duly authorized, One President, Six Managers, and One Treasurer, and such other officers as shall be deemed necessary to conduct the business of said Company for the ensuing year. J. E. M'PHERSON, Sec'y. Oct. 8.

REMOVAL.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

DENTIST.

HAS removed his Office to the building opposite the Lutheran Church in Chambersburg street, two doors east of Mr. Middlecoff's Store, where those wishing to have Dental operations performed, are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Dr. C. N. Berluchy; Rev. J. C. Watson, D. D., "D. Horner," "C. P. Frauth, D. D., "C. A. Cowgill," "Prof. M. Jacobs, "D. Gilbert," "H. L. Baugher, Prof. Steover," "W. M. Reynolds, Gettysburg, July 3.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. DANIEL DUNKLE, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the Counties composing the 11th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district; and GEORGE SNYDER and JAMES M'DRITT, Esqs. Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 23d day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and to be directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on Monday the 14th day of November next—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, To all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, and to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just. WILLIAM FICKES, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 15, 1849.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTS of the deceased persons hereinafter mentioned, will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on Monday the 19th day of November next, viz:

The first account of Andrew Pooley, Guardian of Anna Mary Zecker, Jane Pooley Zecker, and Wm. Woodburn Zecker, minor children of Christian Zecker, deceased.

The first account of John Wisler and Jacob Wisler, Executors of the last will and testament of John Wisler, deceased.

The first and final account of Jacob Mark, Administrator of the estate of Peter Mark, deceased.

The first account of Wm. W. Paxton, Executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth Keech, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, deceased.

The account of James King, Administrator of the estate of Stephen King, late of Germany township, deceased.

The first and final account of Wm. R. Sadler, Administrator of the estate of Levi Miller, Jr., deceased.

The first account of Peter Raffensberger, sen. Guardian of Julia Ann Culp and Geo. W. Culp, minor children of Jacob Culp, deceased.

The first and final account of John Frazer, Executor of the last will and testament of Phebe Minnigh, deceased.

The first and final account of Saml. Sadler, Administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo, of Anthony Smitzer, deceased.

The first account of John Adair and Wm. W. Paxton, Executors of the last will and testament of Hannah Adair.

The first and final account of George Wilson, Executor of the last will and testament of William Clark, deceased.

The account of Abraham King, Administrator, de bonis non, with the will annexed, of James Walker, deceased.

Wm. W. HANERLY, Register. Register's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 22, 1849.

NOTICE.

ROBERT FISHER, No. 5, April T, 1849, vs. FRANCIS FISHER. Execution Docket.

Sept. 26, 1849. Rule to show cause why the Plaintiff should not take out of Court the money made upon sale of the lands of Defendant, except so much as may be required to satisfy the judgment of Samuel Fahnestock—returnable on the Third Monday of November next. Notice by publication in one newspaper three successive weeks. By the Court, JOHN PICKING, Proth'y. Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 22, 1849.

NOTICE.

Estate of John Eckenrode, sen. deceased. LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of JOHN ECKENRODE, sen., late of Mount Pleasant township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Tyrone township, he hereby gives notice to all those indebted to said Estate, to pay the same without delay; and those having claims to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. HENRY ECKENRODE, Adm'r. Oct. 8.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

PILLS are distinguished for their perfect adaptation to the human body. In their operation, they do exactly what nature does, and nothing more. They have a four-fold action, upon the lungs, skin, kidneys and bowels. Hence their peculiar power over disease.

By promoting perspiration, they break up Colds, Coughs, Rheumatic Complaints, Pain in the Back, Sciatica, Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples, Blisters, Freckles, Erysipelas, &c.

The action of the Pills on the kidneys is such as to make them a valuable lithontriptic. Dropsy, Gravel, and Female Complaints, arising from obstructions at certain periods, are speedily removed by their use.

A free Expectoration from the Lungs is excited by the use of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, thus removing Pulmonary Complaints, such as Asthma, Bronchitis, Soreness and Tightness of the Breast, Coughs, Sore Throat, &c.

By their action on the Stomach and Bowels, the Pills cure Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Palpitation of the Heart, Flatulency, Costiveness, Fevers of all kinds, Pleurisy, Headache, Giddiness, Dysentery, Piles, and all disorders of the intestines.

Taken in small doses, Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills become an Alternative Medicine, of great searching efficacy, for the cure of sores of all kinds, Trifles, Tumors, Jaundice, Lowness of Spirits, Neuralgia, Rash, Pains in the Bones, &c.

These Pills also thoroughly break up Influenza, in which complaint they are extremely valuable.

In Efficacious Complaints, these Pills exercise a complete mastery. Hence Fever and Ague is speedily cured by the use of them. In the Western and Southern States, where this disease mostly prevails, these Pills go like an avalanche. While they are cheaper than the fever and ague remedies in general, Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills have been pronounced superior to them all. Indeed, it would appear that if there is one complaint over which these Pills have more power than another, it is Fever and Ague.

For destroying and expelling Worms, no Vermifuge is superior to these Pills. Although we have not taken pains to make this fact public, the merit of the medicine itself has acquired for it an extensive reputation and sale for the removal of Worms. Administered to adults or children, the effect of the Pills is equally radical and decisive. All who suffer from Worms should, by all means, use Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

In fact, no one can go amiss in the use of this medicine. They are as natural to the body as food is. A trial will convince the sceptical that Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, far from being a common "quick nostrum," are decidedly the most valuable medicine ever offered to the public.

The genuine is for sale by J. M. STREVENSON, sole Agent for Gettysburg; and by Agents in all parts of the State.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, wholesale and retail, 163 Race st., Phila., 255 Greenwich st., N. Y., and 195 Tremont st., Boston. July 23.

Portry.

EXPERIENCE.

BY MARY L. DAWSON.

I look within my heart and sadly smile To think how changed are all its early dreams. While memory's misty shadows fall aside, And o'er my soul the past in softness beams; I think of life in all its former glory, Its wild romance, its hopes, its morning beauty, And sigh to feel that all this earth can offer— Is but contentment won from quiet duty.

Yet tho' I mourn the loss of hopes departed, And visions wove a world of after pain, I would not give my sad and stern experience To live in blissful reveries again; For many lessons fraught with useful teaching, From disappointment I have learnt to borrow, And in each soul are seeds of heavenly wisdom, That only ripen under tears of sorrow.

For fondly once o'er woes of fancy's framing I poured the sadness of an untired heart, And placed all cherished visions of perfection Like some enshrined divinity apart; Now I can feel for every human brother, However poor, oppressed, despised or weak, And when my breast o'erflows with yearning pity, A fellow-sufferer 'mid my kind I seek.

No more the poet's fame, the hero's glory, Wm every thought and sympathy from me, For in each varied mind and differing station, The harmony of Nature I can see; All who are good and kind, or pure and holy, However low or humble in their birth, If they do but their Father's will sincerely, Are now to me the honored ones of earth.

Then welcome be the pressure of affliction, If it fulfill its perfect work at last, Tho' disenchantment's heavy clouds surround us, And every radiant dream of youth o'ercast, Yet if it levels us with all God's creatures— If mental pride its warning voice reprove, Who would not change the cold, the bright ideal, For human clarity and human love?

Miscellaneous.

WIVES AND LADIES.

Dow, Jr., in one of his sermons, says: The kind of a wife you want is one of good morals, and who knows how to mend trousers—who can reconcile peeling potatoes with practical piety—who can waltz with the churn dash and sing with the tea kettle—who understands broomology, and the true science of mopping—who can knit stockings without knitting her brows, and knit up her husband's "ravelled sleeve of care;" who prefers sowing tears with a needle, to sowing tares (scandal) with her tongue. Such is decidedly a better half. Take her if you can get her, when you can find her, let her be up to the elbows in the suds of a wash tub, or picking geese in a barn.

My hearers—our text speaks of a lady before a tub. You may think it absurd, but let me assure you that a female can be a lady before a tub or in a kitchen, as well as in the drawing room or parlor. What constitutes a lady? It is not the costly dress, paint for the cheeks, false hair, and still false airs; but it is the general deportment—her intellectual endowments, and that evidence of virtue which commands the respect and silent admiration of the world. She would be recognized as a lady at once, it matters not where or in what situation she be found. When you marry, see that you get a lady inside and out—one who knows how to keep the pot boiling, and looks well to her household. So mote it be.

The Right View.—"If," says pious John Newton, "I can confer the smallest amount of happiness upon another, I carry a point. If, as I go home, a child has dropped a penny, and if, by giving it another I can wipe away its tears, I feel that I have done something. I should be glad, indeed, to do great things, but I will not neglect small ones." This is true philosophy, as well as philanthropy. Many a man passes away his life imagining that, if great occasions and distinguished means of conferring happiness were in his power he would embrace them, while hundreds of small occasions are wholly neglected. He who will not improve the latter, deceives himself in thinking he would the former.

"The worthiest people are the most injured by slander; as we usually find that to be the best fruit which the birds have been picking at."

That's all gammon. The illustration is fine but false in the application. The worthiest people are not the most injured by slander; no, nor the oftenest slandered either. It may happen to a good man, now and then to be the object of calumny—but depend upon it, the person who is much slandered is likely to deserve a part of it, as a general thing.—"Them's our sentiments."—Boston Post.

The Dutch have a singular contrivance to cure laziness. If a pauper who is able, refuses to work, they put him into a cistern, and let in a sluice of water.—It comes in just so fast as that, by briskly plying a pump, he keeps himself from drowning.

A trial for breach of promise came off last week in Ohio, where the courtship had continued for fifteen years. The faithless swain had to pay \$400 damages.

Courting at such a rate, 15 years for \$400, or about 5 cents per night—is the cheapest amusement a fellow can engage in. Why, 8 cents per night would not pay the firewood and candle-light.—A sensible jury that!—Chambersburg Whig.

HOW UNCLE BILL "DID A LANDLORD."

There lived some years since in a thriving Connecticut river village of New Hampshire, a lively little old man of sixty years, who was familiarly called "Uncle Bill."

He was poor, fond of a drink, and when short of change, always ready with some cunning expedient to procure one.

One hot summer's day the old man came puffing and sweating into the porch of the village tavern, where sat Mr. B., the landlord, whom he thus addressed:

"Like to lost every thing in your garden, landlord; just as I come along I see half a dozen cows in there, but I drove 'em out before they done much damage."

"Much obliged to you for your trouble," said Mr. B., "won't you take a drink?"

"Don't care if I do take a cooler; made me rather warm runnin' after the arnal critters."

The old man took his liquor, and after loading his short pipe, sat down to take a smoke. He puffed away in silence a long time, chuckling occasionally with a self-satisfied air—probably at the funny forms assumed by his smoke wreaths.

Getting up at last to go, he said, "Did not tell you, landlord, how the cows got into the garden?"

"No," said Mr. B., "how was it?"

"Why, I took down the bars, and drove 'em in myself!"

And the old fellow stumped off, leaving the nettled Mr. B. to the laugh of the bystanders.—Yankee Blade.

"I say landlord," said a fellow who was travelling out West, "I shan't pay for my last night's lodging, as you said I should sleep alone."

"Well, didn't you?" queried the landlord.

"No! I had more than one thousand mosquitoes for room mates, and each one had a dab at me."

"I rather guess you can afford to pay the reckoning, then, as each one gave you his share of the bill."

Confutation and Agreement.—In a lesson in parsing the sentence, "Man courting in capacity of bliss," &c., the word "courting," came to a pert young miss of fourteen to parse. She commenced hesitatingly, but got along well enough until she was to tell what it agreed with. Here she stopped short. But the teacher said,—"Very well, what does courting agree with?" Ellen blushed and held down her head.

"Ellen, don't you know what that agrees with?"

"Ye—ye—yes, sir!"

"Well, Ellen, why don't you parse that word? What does it agree with?"

Blushing still more and stammering, Ellen says—

"It—a—agrees with all the girls, sir!"

So He Go!—The American Mechanic (Doughkeepsie,) justly remarks: A man grows at paying a shilling for a loaf of bread, thinking he ought to get it for eleven pence, and the same evening takes his family to witness the feats of a magician, for the purpose of being humbugged, knowing they will humbug, and willingly pays a dollar for the privilege! Another is too poor to pay a dollar for a newspaper, but can spend two shillings every night at the tavern, and not miss it. Another is too poor to pay a few dollars, but can attend concerts and negro performances that come along. Another wants a mechanic to work for nine and sixpence a day, when he demands ten shillings, and watches him to see that he labors faithfully, and the next day hires a horse and wagon, at the expense of two dollars, to travel ten miles to see a horse race. Another "beats down" an old woman a penny on a bunch of radishes, and before getting home spends two shillings in treating his friends.

Ugliness, like Beauty, is only skin deep, but it furnishes abundant food for satire. An editor at Louisville lately twitted Prentice for not being at the State Convention, alleging that it was shame for his ugliness that kept him away. Prentice, in reply, says that it was entirely unnecessary for him to be there, as "ugliness" was tremendously represented by his contemporary—that, after his birth nothing but handsome babies were born for several years. All the ugly material in the universe was used up in his creation. It was necessary that nature should have time to recruit herself. Goodness!

Earning his Bread.—At Rochester, lately, Mr. James Crane was married to Miss Rebecca Ann Bread, after a courtship of seven years. We should say that Jimmy has literally earned his bread by the sweat of his brow.

Mr. Hubbell Wildman, of Danbury, has commenced suit against Mrs. Curtis, of Bridgeport, Conn. for a breach of promise of marriage.

We think he must be a wild man to commence such a suit when there are so many fine young girls waiting for an offer!

In Jail.—There are confined in the jail of Frederick county, Md., 16 persons on criminal charges: 2 for murder, 3 for attempts to kill, 4 for felonies, and the remainder for minor offences.

FRESH FROM PARIS.

A young man was engaged by his father to marry a lady he did not love.—She mistook his melancholy for passion, and so loved him. When asked by the Mayor, at the wedding ceremony, if he would take this lady, &c., the young man answered "No." Imagine the lady's consternation. He ran off. She pursued him. She found him at a hotel in Paris, and with pistol in hand entered his room as he lay in bed reading. She insisted that he should rise, go with her to the Mayor, have the wedding ceremony go on, say "Yes" when asked, and permit her to say "No," when her honor would be satisfied. The pistol rendered all reply superfluous. So they went to the Mayor, arrayed for the wedding.—"Do you take this lady," &c., asked the Mayor. "Yes," said the young man. "Do you take this gentleman to be your husband," &c. To the astonishment of all, "Certainly I do," said the lady. Queerly enough, the parties are living very happily together.

Shocking Affair.—One day last week a denizen of Warrensville, who had been engaged in setting posts for the telegraph line to Pittsburg, and who claimed that he hadn't received pay for the same, was riding home in a heavy shower. He had been into the city keeping his spirits up by pouring spirits down, and as he jogged homeward, and by the flashes of lightning saw the wire gleam, his wrath arose and he swore it should come down. Soaked with Petrie's best, within, and rain without, he was a most excellent conductor. He climbed the pole, and clutched the wire to tear it down, when "he heard something drop"—and an hour after he was found lying on the ground senseless and twitching as though he had St. Vitus' dance. The lightning playing along the line, had gone through him like a dose of Dr. Brandreth's specific, and he says he shan't play "with that machine any more."—Cleveland Her.

Destruction of Elephants.—The value of the annual consumption of ivory in Sheffield is about £30,000, and about five hundred persons are employed in working it up for trade. The number of tusks to make up the weight consumed in Sheffield (about 180 tons) is 45,000.—According to this, the number of elephants killed every year is 22,500; but supposing that some tusks are cast and some animals die, it may be fairly estimated that 18,000 are killed for the purpose.

Disgraceful Ignorance.—It is stated that out of the 135,845 marriages solemnized in England during 1848, no less than 104,308 of the parties, viz: 42,429 men, and 62,879 women, signed the marriage register with a mark; or, in other words, nearly one third of the men and one-half of the women could not write.

Oregon.—Oregon is the greatest lumber country in the world. Around one mill, within a circle of three miles, stands timber enough to last a hundred years, the mill all the time cutting 8,000 feet a day. The trees are from six to ten feet in diameter, and some of them three hundred feet high.

The Strait of the Dardanelles up which the English fleet has lately moved, divides Europe from Africa, and unites the sea of Marmora to the Archipelago. It is 50 miles in length, and its width varies from 10 miles to less than one mile. It is very strongly fortified.

Sudden Wealth.—Captain Edward Bryant, formerly associate editor of the Louisville (Ky.) Courier, who is now in California, found himself unexpectedly a rich man on reaching there. Some fourteen town lots in San Francisco, which were of but little value when he left there a year previous, are now worth in the neighborhood of \$100,000.

The rush for California is still on the increase, and whole families, rather than individual members, are now making preparations to start for the gold region. At New York twenty-eight vessels are up for California; the brig Grecian, which was built by order of a young man, now in California, expressly for the comfort and convenience of his relatives, whom he wishes to join him in his new home. She has as passengers the father, two brothers, and a brother-in-law of the person who sent for them, with their wives and little ones.

Grazing.—It is estimated by an intelligent drover, says the Warrenton Flag, that the two counties of Fauquier and Loudoun, Va., have this year bought 20,000 head of stock cattle, at an average of \$300,000, and that these cattle will probably bring this fall, from five to six hundred thousand dollars.

The Greeks.—In case of war between Russia and Turkey, there would, probably, occur very soon a general insurrection of the Greek and other Christians within the Turkish empire, who are reckoned at twelve millions.

Fires in London.—The yearly average of fires in London is three a night—moderate calculation of value lost, one thousand pounds sterling per night—three hundred and sixty-five thousand pounds sterling per annum.

A case exciting a great deal of interest was disposed of at Syracuse, N. York, on the 24th inst., in the Supreme Court of that State. The parties were Louisa F. Corning, plaintiff, against Richard S. Corning, defendant, the former being a niece of the latter. The action was for an aggravated assault and battery, the defendant having horse-whipped the latter, who was a maiden lady of the highest respectability, aged about thirty-two years. The jury rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, assessing her damages at three thousand dollars.

Strange Accident.—A telegraph despatch from Opelika, Alabama, to the Muscogee (Ga.) Democrat, says that a sad accident took place there recently. Two men from Coweta county, Georgia, encamped in a wagon under a large tree, near which they kindled a fire and left it burning. About two o'clock the neighbors were roused by the crash of a falling tree, followed by the most piercing cry of distress. The fire had taken about the roots and the tree had fallen across the wagon. After a few moments of intense agony, one expired, crushed to death. With great difficulty the other was extricated, with no limbs broken.

Squirrels.—It is stated in some of the Kentucky papers that the squirrels have paid another visit to that good old Commonwealth, and are traversing it in great numbers. In 1822 Kentucky was visited by thousands and tens of thousands of these little quadrupeds, which crossed the Ohio river, and steered due South. They were then little disposed to turn aside from man or dog. Thousands were killed by guns, stones, clubs, and spears fastened to long reeds. In 1833 they made another visit to the State, but in less numbers—they crossed the Ohio as in 1822, and pursued the same course; thousands were again killed by men, boys and dogs. The sport soon lost its interest, and the offending hosts were permitted to pursue their march without impediments being thrown in their way. We learn that they are now making a third march across the State. Some suppose they follow the cholera, but in 1822, the cholera was unknown in the United States.

The ladies of Pittsburg (if we may believe one of their own papers) cannot keep their faces clean, in consequence of the coal soot which is constantly falling in the American Birmingham. When a lady's face receives a descending flake, her nearest friend blows it off. To wipe it off would only make bad worse; and, singular to say, the greatest kindness shown by the ladies to each other is when they come to blows.

Death from the Bite of a Rat.—Philip Petona, a young man, died a few days ago near Easton, Pennsylvania, from the effects of the bite of a rat. About two weeks previous the rat bit him in the chin. His face afterwards became very much swollen, and, notwithstanding the prompt appliance of every remedy that his physician could suggest, died in the greatest agony.

Cost of the Pacific Railroad.—At the St. Louis Convention an estimate was submitted by Col. Curtis, a skillful engineer, of the cost of the road to the Pacific, and the cost of a survey. The road can be made, he thinks, for eighty-eight millions of dollars; and one thousand men, an engineer, with a party being assigned to each one hundred miles, can complete the survey in one year.

Extreme Modesty.—The Pittsburg Saturday Visitor tells a story of two trim ladies who entered a complaint against a neighbor for bathing in a stream five hundred yards from their door, and when asked how they could recognize him at that distance, replied, "Oh, we used a spy glass!" A great deal of what passes for modesty in this "great country" is of the quality of that exhibited by those prim ladies.

Some delusions are of such a character that time only can dissipate them.—When the minds of men are excited to a certain pitch, argument is useless. It is then our place to wait till they recover their former self-possession.

People should not stop courting when they get married, but, on the contrary, should learn to court the more. This laying aside the little endearments that nursed love into being the very moment you have sworn to live on it forever, is almost perjury.

The object of all ambition should be, to be happy at home. If we are not happy there, we cannot be happy elsewhere. It is the best proof of the virtues of a family circle, to see a happy fireside.

A man insulted a woman in the Cincinnati market lately, whereupon she LAMMED him with a leg of mutton, and made him run for life. He must have felt rather sure that throughout the occurrence.

Odd Fish.—In all waters there are fish which love to swim against the stream; and in every community persons are to be found who delight in being opposed to everybody else.

GOVERNOR JOHNSTON.

The subjoined communication will be read with pleasure by thousands in our State. We have great pleasure in placing it in our columns:

At the last anniversary of the First Baptist Church Sunday School, West Philadelphia, the Rev. Mr. Hamner, in the course of his remarks, mentioned that the Governors of several of the States through which he had recently travelled, had been constituted Life members of the American Sunday School Union by the liberal contributions of Sunday School children.

At the close of the services, a collection of more than fifty dollars was taken up for the benefit of their own school, and just as the benediction was about to be pronounced, some one who did not believe that charity should end at home, very unexpectedly rose up and said, he really thought they should do something to aid the American Sunday School Union in planting schools in destitute places, etc., etc. He proposed to make the Pastor of the church and the Governor of the State, life members of this Society. At once the necessary amount, \$50, was secured.

The following letter from Gov. Johnston, accepting the position assigned him by the kindness and respect of his young friends, will be read with great pleasure by every good citizen:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
Harrisburg, Pa., July 27, 1849.
Rev. T. L. HAMNER:—Dear Sir:—I have received your kind letter communicating the gratifying fact that the Sunday School of the First Baptist Church, West Philadelphia, have procured for me a Life Membership in the American Sunday School Union.

This act of generous kindness I shall ever cherish and remember, and more particularly so, as being the unexpected and voluntary action of those who can have no impure motive, but whose thoughts like themselves, partake largely of the kingdom of Heaven.

In early life it was my fortunate lot to become a scholar, and subsequently a teacher in a Sunday school; the impressions there received of the value and importance of Scripture learning, have increased with my advance in life. In the dark hours of worldly trouble, in the bustle of life's affairs, or in the turmoil of political strife, the good man finds in the Bible a consolation and contentment that the unlearned in his holy teachings cannot possess. In the day of our tribulation, when the anxieties, thoughts, purposes and designs of humanity are closing, and the angel of death stands ready to usher the spirit into the spirit-land, it is then the devout reader and follower of the Bible, precepts triumphs in the calmness of his death, under the blessed hope of a bright future; while the unlearned writhes in mental agony over the doubts and shadows of an uncertain destiny.

The Almighty Father conferred upon his rebellious children no greater blessing than the Holy Scriptures, and man can be employed in no higher and holier duty, than in their distribution and teaching to his fellow-man.

I accept with great pleasure the position assigned to me by the kindness of my young friends, and shall feel obliged by the communication of such acceptance.

With sentiments of sincere regard,
I remain most truly yours,
WM. F. JOHNSTON.
Rev. T. L. Hamner, Philada., General Agent of the Am. S. S. Union.

SPIRIT OF THE AGE.

As regards this Republic, it may be truly said, that the spirit of improvement is abroad in the land—a restless spirit that seeks to increase and facilitate trade, and give velocity to personal locomotion and verbal communication. Railways are being made, traversing the States and the United States in every direction; binding together the Confederacy by strong ties of business intercourse; and wires are being stretched athwart the land, whereby daily and hourly communications are interchanged between the principal cities and villages.

The acquisition of Oregon and California, and the immense emigration thitherward in search of the golden deposits, have revived the vast projects, and will ensure their execution, of connecting the Atlantic and Pacific oceans by a ship canal, and uniting the people of the Atlantic and Pacific slopes by a railway.

There is the route across the isthmus of Tehuantepec, in Mexico, being a distance of one hundred and fifty miles; river and lake navigation, and one hundred and five miles by land. The chief advantage of this route is the fact that it is shorter than the Panama route by eighteen hundred miles. The British house of Melotsh & Co. have obtained from Mexico the right of way.

Then there is the Panama route across the isthmus, being a water communication of about thirty miles, and only about twenty-five miles by land. This route has been surveyed, a railway charter obtained, and all the stock taken by American capitalists, and the work soon to be speedily accomplished.

The third route is the "Ship Canal," by the Nicaragua and Leon lakes, with the navigable rivers, making a water passage of 250 miles, and the land passage only 30 miles. A company for the building of this ship canal has been formed in New York, a contract made, and recognized by the late treaty with Nicaragua, and the work to be done, within 12 years; this route is nearer to California, by four hundred miles, than via Panama.

The spirit for vast enterprises is surely abroad in the land.

HUNGARY.

Gen. Haynau, in his administration of military authority, loses no opportunity to preserve the bloody character belonging to him. He has murdered, under the guise of a court martial, thirteen Hungarian Generals who had laid down their arms at the close of the war.

Count Bathany, the Prime Minister of Hungary, has been shot, under circumstances which forever will make the Austrian name synonymous with cruelty, treachery and dishonor. To render the last hour of this brave and accomplished nobleman as bitter as possible, he was sentenced to a malefactor's instead of a soldier's death.

To avoid the agony of a halter, the wife of the patriot had a dagger conveyed to him in his linen, with which to anticipate his doom. The Count did not succeed in the suicide, but his throat was so much injured by the wound he had inflicted, that he prevented his murderers from strangling him with the cord. He fell, pierced to the heart by the bullets of Austrian soldiers, his last words being "My country forever." Some ladies of the highest class endeavored to dip their hands into the blood of the fallen patriot, but were prevented by the Austrian bayonets.

Kossuth's Children.—The Vienna correspondent of the London Times, learns from a friend, just returned from Pesth, some authentic information as to the women and children now confined in the castle of that city. He states that Kossuth's two sons and one daughter, as also two of Guyon's children, are in the hands of the Imperialists. The little Kossuths are so totally without pecuniary resources, that Gen. Haynau was moved by compassion to deposit £10 in the hands of the Governor of the castle for their benefit. The tutor of Kossuth's children who was concerned in the rebellion, has been removed by the authorities, but the governess has been left with her helpless charges.

A letter from Vienna mentions a Hungarian aid-de-camp who proves to be a female, only 20 years of age, yet has fought in fourteen of the Hungarian battles.

The Austrian army is henceforth to be composed of 150,000 men in time of peace and 800,000 in time of war.

The total loss of men in the Russian army in the late Hungarian war is, according to the reports of the officers, 3000. The cholera and typhus fever have carried off at least three times that number, so that the loss sustained by Russia in the Hungarian campaign is at least 12,000.

CIRCASSIA.

The fall of the fortress of Achulga, the residence of Schamyl, the celebrated chief, after a desperate and protracted resistance, is announced in letters from St. Petersburg. On the 29th of August the assault was renewed, after three days of useless negotiation, every inch of ground being fiercely contested by the besieged, who fought with obstinate bravery. The defenses were covered with heaps of dead bodies. The loss of the Circassians was estimated by the Russians at 1000 men killed, exclusive of those wounded, and 900 made prisoners. Schamyl was not to be found; he had contrived to escape with one of his sons and one of his mistresses. Another of his sons, and his lawful wife, were slain, and a third son was taken prisoner. Schamyl himself was wounded in the arm by a musket ball.

The siege of Achulga, thus successfully terminated, had lasted 11 months, during which period the Russians lost 22 officers and 422 men, exclusive of those wounded.

New Explorations in Africa.—The French surpass all other nations in the grandeur of their exploring expeditions to various parts of the world. It is now announced that the Academy of Sciences and the Geographical Society of France have projected an expedition on a grand scale for penetrating the interior of Africa to Timbuctoo. It is to be conducted by scientific men, and will have in view the two-fold purpose of extending our knowledge of this portion of the continent, and of opening new channels for French trade and commerce. It is a singular fact, that notwithstanding the several attempts by Mungo Park, Clapperton, Denham, Oudney, Lander, and Laing for the exploration of that portion of Africa which lies between the Gulf of Guinea and the Mediterranean, none have yet reached Timbuctoo and returned. The only European traveller who has reached this inland city and returned to give an account of it is Caillie, a Frenchman, some ten years since. The expedition now projected, it is said, will have an escort of 800 armed Europeans and 100 Africans.

Destitute Gold Seekers.—A letter of Sept. 7, from San Blas, Mexico states that there are some poor destitute Chilians, French and Americans wandering about that place, without the means of living, except by charity, being out of funds, on their way to the mines. They were carried in principally by Chilian vessels in distress. The same is, doubtless, the case in most of the towns below the gold region upon the Pacific coast.

Sudden and Afflicting Death.—At the burial of an old lady named Shaw, wife of Dr. Shaw, of Rochester, N. Y., in Milford, a Mr. James Laine, a shoemaker of Milford, one of the pall bearers, stopped and fell to the ground; when he picked him up, strange to relate, he was dead. Up to the moment of his decease, he was in apparently good health and made no complaint.



ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG.

Monday, November 12, 1849.

At the late session of the Lutheran Synod at Hagerstown, it was determined to establish a Female Seminary at that place, under the auspices of the Lutheran Church, and a committee appointed to solicit subscriptions.

During the late term of the Court of Quarter Sessions in Franklin county, at which Judge Watts presided, a witness was called to the stand, whose competence to testify was objected to because he did not believe in a future state of rewards and punishments. His Honor, Judge Watts, promptly rejected his evidence, and refused to permit him to testify.

Health of Mr. Clay.

A correspondent of the Louisville Journal, in speaking of Mr. Clay, says "his health is entirely restored, and that, although he has long been intimately acquainted with him, he could scarcely see in him any difference in body, and none at all in mind, from what he was 14 or 15 years ago."

Mr. Clay arrived, very unexpectedly, at Baltimore on Wednesday evening. His object in coming on so long before the meeting of Congress, was to get over the mountains before the setting in of winter.

Mr. Clay reached Philadelphia on Thursday afternoon from Baltimore, and is the guest of Richard H. Bayard, Esq., formerly U. S. Senator from Delaware. He is accompanied by his son, and is in the enjoyment of excellent health. He will probably remain some ten days in the city. The Daily News says: "It will afford our citizens peculiar pleasure to have the opportunity of testifying to him the high estimation in which they hold his long and continued devotion of his best energies and commanding talents to the great cause of our common country. No man living has so large a place in the hearts of the American people as Henry Clay. He has been a leading advocate of the cause of the people for well nigh half a century; and ever animated by the purest patriotism, and looking solely to the best good of the country, he has won a name and a fame that can never die, whilst the principles which he has advocated. The nation rejoices in the undying honor of his name."

It had been rumored that Mr. Penrose resigned his office at Washington with the view of entering into partnership with Mr. Stevens at Lancaster. The North American, however, contradicts the rumor, and says Mr. P. has returned to Philadelphia, with the intention of resuming his practice there.

Susquehanna Bank.

On Monday last the Cashier of the Susquehanna Bank at Montrose, Pa., was committed to jail, in default of \$40,000 bail, on an alleged charge of defalcation. It is reported that \$35,000 of the funds of the Bank are unaccounted for.

The Bank is supposed to be a total wreck. A large amount of its paper was in circulation, much of which, it seems, was put out very recently, under circumstances calculated to produce the impression that knavery has been long contemplated by the owners and directors of the concern.

Thanksgiving Day.

The Governors of nearly a dozen States have already issued their proclamations designating Thursday the 29th inst., as a day of thanksgiving for the blessings which we have enjoyed during the year. Last year there was a very general unanimity in the selection of thanksgiving day. The morally sublime spectacle was presented of the people in a large number of independent sovereignties uniting in thanksgiving to the Author of all their blessings for the kindness and care he had graciously extended to them. We hope that a similar unanimity may be observed this year.

Death of a Missionary.

Intelligence has been received of the death of Mr. Maynard, who was one of a party of five missionaries, with their wives, who left Boston for Smyrna last month. Mr. Maynard, and Mr. Dodd went out to establish a mission to the Jews at Salonica, the ancient Thessalonica.

Elective Judiciary.

The Kentucky convention, after a week's debate, has adopted the several bills which the constitution reported from the committee, providing for an elective judiciary. The four Judges of the Court of Appeals are to be chosen by districts, one to be chosen every second year, and are to hold their offices for eight years.

The steamer De Kalb, on her trip from Augusta to Savannah, on the 30th ult., burst her boiler, by which accident the Engineer and two firemen were killed.

A large drove of cattle was run into on Monday last on the New Haven railroad, by the trains coming from and going to New York. Fifteen cattle were killed and ten of the passengers seriously injured. Both trains were thrown off the track towards each other. The locomotives were considerably damaged and the passengers awfully frightened as well they might.

A great shooting match is to come off at New York on the 12th of February. The wager is \$10 against \$20 that Mr. John Travis of that city, said to be the best pistol shot in the country, cannot out of 100 shots with a

loading pistol hit a bull's eye target two inches across at 100 yards. The distance to be shot is 12 paces, and 50 shots to be fired each day.

A stage with eleven passengers was upset on Monday last near Portville, by the horses running away. Rev. Mr. Foot of Northampton and Mr. Eastman of Bangor, Maine, were badly injured; and Mr. Brock, a merchant of Muncie, Pa., had his thigh broken.

Late from Europe.

The steamer Washington arrived at New York on Tuesday, bringing London papers to the 20th of October.

She brought 150 passengers, among whom is Hon. Richard Rush, late Minister to France; Hon. Romulus M. Saunders, of N. C., late Minister to Spain; Hon. W. H. Stiles of Geo., late Charge d'Affaires at Vienna; Hon. R. P. Flenknick, of Pa., late Charge at Copenhagen, each accompanied by his family; also Bishop Southgate. She has a very heavy and valuable cargo of German and French goods.

There had been a further advance in the price of Cotton. Fresh executions had taken place in Hungary. It is said that some of the first nobles in the Kingdom were condemned to death, and that the thirst for blood was almost insatiable.

The Turks were busily engaged preparing for war. The English and French fleets were on their way to the Dardanelles, and the indications are in favor of hostilities with Russia. It is said that the Russian charge d'affaires at Paris had made known to the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, that Russia would regard the entrance of the French fleet into the Dardanelles as a declaration of war; and on the other hand, the French Council of Ministers have decided that France will consider, as a cause of war, the entry of a Russian army on the Turkish territory.

Interesting from New Mexico.

We understand, says the National Intelligencer, that the War Department has received from Col. Washington, commanding in New Mexico, the interesting intelligence that he had concluded a treaty of peace with the formidable tribe of Navajo Indians. Col. W. returned to Santa Fe on the 25th of September from an expedition into the country of the Navajos, during which they entered into the treaty. Previous to concluding the treaty, however, the head chief of the tribe, Narbona, was killed in a skirmish. This chief had been for thirty years the scourge of the inhabitants of New Mexico. The valleys in the Navajo country are represented as being exceedingly fertile, and the crops very abundant. The tribe numbers from seven to ten thousand souls, of whom between two and three thousand are warriors, who are generally well mounted, and armed with guns or lances, and bows and arrows.

Antiquarian Counterfeit Detector.
Our neighbor, KELLER KURTZ, has laid upon our table a very useful pamphlet, entitled the Antiquarian Counterfeit Detector, which contains fac-simile signatures of the Presidents and Cashiers of all the Banks in the U. S. It will be found of very great service to every individual who has money to handle in these times of counterfeiting. It is certainly very cheap—its price being only 25 cents. It can be had at Mr. Kurtz's Bookstore, opposite the Bank.

"Stewart's New York Pictorial, and Mother's Spelling and Reading Book"—This is the title of a new book for children, published by W. Stewart, of Hagerstown, and is certainly an excellent one. It is for sale by KELLER KURTZ, at his Bookstore, opposite the Bank.

Godey's Lady's Book.
The December number of this beautiful periodical has already been received. It is decidedly the most handsomely embellished number of the year. It is a double number, and four pages over. There are 24 engravings in all, and 40 contributions. Godey has certainly fulfilled all his promises—and has given his patrons a beautiful volume in the last year. He now says that the Lady's Book for 1850 shall surpass that for 1849, and exceed all magazines past, present, and to come; and he spares no pains nor expense when he has determined upon anything of this kind. He furnishes the "Book," with two splendid premium plates, at \$3 per year, two copies for \$5, five copies for \$10, with the engravings in all instances. For \$20 in advance, ten copies of the Lady's Book, and a copy of a magnificent print to each subscriber.

Address L. A. Godey, 113 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Graham's Magazine.

The December number of Graham is already on our table—and fully sustains its high character. Its embellishments are beautiful, and its contents interesting. A new volume will be commenced on the first of January, with attractions of unrivalled splendor. A series of "Arthur's Illustrated Nouvelles" is to be commenced in the next volume—and colored plates, of great beauty, are to be furnished, in addition to the usual elegant text and illustrations. Engravings regularly furnished. The terms are \$3 in advance, for Graham, and a large and magnificent print, and also a new and beautiful engraving, "Bearing the Saviour to the Tomb," for \$5 two copies, for \$10 five copies, for \$20 eleven copies—with the engravings in each instance. Any person forwarding a club of 20, or upwards, shall receive for his trouble a complete copy of W. H. Graham's American Historical and Biographical Library.

Address Samuel D. Patterson, No. 84 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.

The Hungarian Refugees.

We have not been disappointed in our estimate of the intentions of Gen. Bem the gallant Pole in forswearing his faith. He has already been raised to a high position in the Turkish army. It is stated that when the demands of the Austrian and Russian governments were made known to the Hungarians at W. P. in all most all the fugitives appeared in the first instance to forswear their Christian creed, but were disabused from the unworthy delusion in some degree by the more frequent appeal from the valiant Kossuth. Bem and some twenty officers only embraced the religion of Mahomet. Bem declared that it was his position to fight Russia, and he would turn to any quarter where he could fulfill his vow. He made a public profession of the various tenets of the Mahomedan faith, received the name of Amurath, and was immediately raised to the dignity of a Pasha.

Thanksgiving in the U. States.

Thanksgiving day in Florida, November 1st, New Hampshire and North Carolina, November 15th; Maine, Vermont, New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Ohio November 20th.

The bodies of the lamented Worth, Duncan and Gates, left New Orleans on the 1st inst in the steamer Ohio for New York. They were expected to arrive in that city on Friday or Saturday last, but the funeral ceremonies (for which great preparations have been made,) will not take place until the middle of this week.

George Null was tried at Chambersburg week before last, on the charge of killing a negro at Waynesboro', on the night of the 8th of September, and was acquitted. It was very evident from the testimony that no other person than Null could have stabbed the negro—the people generally believe he did it—but the fact could not be legally proven, and the consequences were too serious to depend upon opinions. So thought the Jury.

John W. FARRRELLY, of Pa., has been appointed by the President, Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, in the room of P. G. Washington, removed. This is an important change, and has been anxiously looked for. There will also be, of course, a great change among the subordinates in the office.

We learn that Thomas J. Gross, who for 18 years has been Assistant Clerk of the House of Representatives of this State, died at the Trappe, Montgomery county, on the 28th ult. in his 46th year. He was a most excellent officer, and deservedly held in high esteem. Perhaps no Legislative body ever had a more assiduous, attentive and competent clerk.

A mammoth hog is now being exhibited at Philadelphia, which is said to weigh 1,470 pounds, and is only a few months old. He is so fat that he is unable to stand upon his feet.

A despatch from St. Louis of Tuesday last, says that the Cholera had re-appeared at St. Genevieve, Missouri, and was quite prevalent and fatal.

Wholesale Abandoning.

On Friday night week, about 50 negroes, of all ages and sexes, with teams, crossed the river from the Missouri side to Illinois. They were pursued and overhauled on Saturday morning, and after a desperate resistance and the loss of their leader, who was killed, they were captured.

Horrible.

A revolting case of rape and murder took place a few days ago, near Palmyra, Missouri. A negro committed violence on an interesting little girl, 14 years of age, and then murdered her. For fear of being detected, the inhuman monster turned round and killed her brother, aged 11 years. The wretch was arrested, and was to be BURNED ALIVE on Friday last.

Ladies' Collars.

The Philadelphia Times says, that young ladies having taken to wear standing collars, now supply themselves from their brothers' assortment.

We saw one or two ladies in the streets yesterday, says the editor, with collars so stiff they could not turn their heads to look round at the beaux; and we are told that a lady's ear was found in the Walnut street theatre, yesterday morning, evidently cut off by the too great stiffness of the standing collar of some one in the fashionable crowd of the night before.

No Railroads at Rome.

A correspondent of the London Daily News writes as follows: "I hear the cardinals have decided that the railway to Naples is a useless scheme, tending only to inundate Rome with worthless foreigners, they have therefore indefinitely suspended the works, and thus thrown thousands of people out of employment, now that it is so much needed."

We have heretofore noticed the great destruction of property attending the overland emigration to California. The St. Louis Republican publishes a letter on the subject, from which we extract the following:

From Laramie, after the first fifty miles, dead cattle and fragments of wagons came in sight, and, as far as here, I have counted one thousand wagons that have been burnt or otherwise disposed of on the road. Destruction seems to have been the prevailing emotion of every body who had to leave any thing on the trip.

Wagons have been wantonly sacrificed without occasion by hundreds, being fired for the apparent purpose of preventing them from being serviceable to anybody else, while hundreds have been used by piecemeal for fuel at nearly every camping-ground by each successive train. From Deer Creek to the summit the greatest amount of property has been thrown away. Along the banks of the North Platte to where the Sweetwater road turns off, the amount of valuable property thrown away is astonishing—iron, trunks, clothing, &c., lying strewn about to the value of at least \$50,000 in about twenty miles. I have counted about 500 dead oxen along the road and only three mules.

Fire near Hagerstown.—On Saturday night week the dwelling house of Mr. E. Koonitz, about 4 miles from Hagerstown, Md., was consumed by fire. The house was all in flames when the family awoke. Mr. Koonitz saved a great part of his furniture. He has strong suspicions of the supposed incendiary.

Fortune for a Crazy Woman.—A suit at Pittsburg, in behalf of the heirs of West Elliott, for one-fifth of the town of Temperanceville, has just resulted in a verdict in favor of Matilda Elliott, who heretofore used to parade the streets of Pittsburg under the name of "Crazy Tul." She is now in the hospital in Philadelphia.

Remarkable Fact.

The Cincinnati Gazette, in an article contrasting the conduct of a Locofoco administration with that of the Whigs, states the remarkable fact, that during the one-year term, 1836 and 1837 when the Locofocos governed Ohio, the State debt was increased from \$950,664 to the enormous sum of \$20,013,515, and that the credit was at a very low ebb. From March, 1845, to January, 1849, four years, the Whigs governed the State. During this time the State debt has decreased \$1,699,692 and the credit of the State was completely restored. Comment is unnecessary.

Original of Washington's Farewell.

The executors of Mr. Claypoole, of Philadelphia, offer for sale the original manuscript of Washington's Farewell Address. It should be purchased by the General Government. The late venerable Wm. Rawle thus describes it: "Mr. Claypoole produced to me the original, and I saw with reverence and delight a small quarto book containing about thirty pages, all in the hand writing of this great man. It bears throughout the marks of original composition. There are many erasures and interlineations, a transposition of paragraphs, and other indications of its coming immediately from the hands of an unassisted individual. I counted the number of lines in the whole work, which amounted to 1,086, and of lines erased there were 174."

Pennsylvania Judges.

The Hon. Ellis Lewis, of Lancaster, who, when a boy, left York county to seek a trade, and became an apprentice to the printing, has recently returned there to hold the special courts, as the President Judge—thus becoming the arbiter of the rights of the associates of his early boyhood, whom he left to seek his fortune under the most adverse circumstances. He first became a printer, then an editor, member of the Legislature, Attorney General of Pennsylvania, and President Judge of several judicial districts—among them that of Lancaster. Judge Durkee, of the same county, who was engaged as counsel in the cases for trial at the special courts, also commenced life under unpromising circumstances, and, like Judge Lewis, also became an eminent lawyer and judge. —Sun.

Music by Telegraph.

We had the pleasure this evening, says the N. Y. Express of the 31st ult., of listening to the transmission of music by telegraph over the wires from Boston to New York.

We happened to be in the office, 5 Hanover st., in this city. When there was a pause in business operations, Mr. W. Porter, a young but skillful operator in the Boston office, asked us what tune we would have; we replied "Yankee Doodle," and, to our surprise, he immediately complied with our request. The instrument commenced drumming the notes of the tune as perfectly and as directly as a skillful drummer could have made them at the head of a regiment, and many will be astonished to hear that "Yankee Doodle" can travel by lightning.

We then called for "Hail Columbia," when the notes of that national air were distinctly beat off. We then asked for "Auld Lang Syne," the notes or sounds of which were also transmitted. A friend called for "Old Dan Tucker," when Mr. Porter also sent that tune, and if any thing, in a more perfect manner than the others.

So perfectly and distinctly were the sounds of these tunes transmitted, that good instrumental performers could have had no difficulty in keeping time with the instrument at this end of the wires. This is one of the many telegraphic novelties.

Sabbath Convention.

A Convention of Delegates and Friends of the Christian Sabbath, from the counties of York, Adams, Cumberland, Perry and Dauphin, is to assemble in York, on Wednesday the 28th inst. at 10 o'clock.

The Boston Post says that since 1836 there have been charters authorized in Massachusetts for \$52,220,000 in manufactures, \$38,037,000 in railroads, and \$14,698,800 in miscellaneous branches. During the same time and amidst this tremendous increase of business produced by the employment of these charters, bank capital has been almost stationary. It has not increased more than \$6,000,000, to speak within bounds, since that time.

Over 1200 foreign immigrants arrived at Boston last week. One vessel which arrived from Liverpool, lost 25 of her passengers and one seaman by cholera on the passage. One hundred steerage passengers left Boston on Monday last on the ship Plymouth Rock, for Liverpool, who have been in this country for some time, and are returning to Ireland to bring out their families in the spring.

Counterfeits on the Lancaster Bank.—We find the following description of a new counterfeit on this Bank, which has recently made its appearance, in the National Police Gazette. "10's on the Lancaster Bank, Pa., letter B, dated January 1st or 2nd, (could not distinguish which,) 1844. The bills are signed Christ. Tachman, Cashr., James Evans, President. Vignette, a naked female sitting with a staff in her right hand; her face turned left, to sports visible on the eye, a spread eagle on her left side, (the right side of the vignette,) resting on her shield; a ship, all sails set, on her right, badly engraved. The hull or bottom looks like a floating saw log, square at both ends. Double medallion heads on the right end of the bills, also badly executed. The other figures on the bill are good, all purporting to be engraved by Underwood, Spencer & Unity, Philadelphia, and New York. These bills are not described in any of the last detectors."

Snake and Counsel.—A New York journal says the single item of cigars for the Common Council of that city, from May 1st, 1845, to November 1st, 1849, is \$2,062. The present generation of councillors show themselves true descendants of their Dutch ancestors.

LATEST ARRIVAL!

Great Slaughter of High Prices!

THE TOWN IN COMMOTION!

NOBODY KILLED BUT SEVERAL BADLY WOUNDED!

A. ARNOLD

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has just arrived from the cities of Philadelphia and New York, with a large stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS, Which he is determined to sell lower than any store in the County. His stock comprises almost every thing that is New and Fashionable in the Eastern markets, to wit:

Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Tweeds, Ky. Jeans, Velvet Cords, Vesting, Satin do., Nankin, Prints, (a large stock.) Gingham, Alpaca, Silks, Mouseline de Laines, Plain Jaconets, Barred do., Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk do., Hosiery, Gloves, Shawls,

and a great many articles too numerous to mention—Also,

Groceries, Queensware, &c.

Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and see for themselves, as I am determined to undersell any store in the County.

ABRAHAM ARNOLD.

Gettysburg, Oct. 8.

NEW GOODS!

GEORGE ARNOLD

HAS just returned from Philadelphia, and is now opening a large

STOCK OF FRESH GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE CHEAP

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Cords, Jeans, Silks, M. de Laines, Alpaca, Mode Colors, Black and Fancy do., Calicoes, Gingham, Merinoes, English and French Striped Plaid, and Plain Cashmeres, Ribbons, Flannels, Blankets, Queensware, &c., &c.

All of which have been purchased in Philadelphia on the very best terms, and will be sold as cheap as any other establishment can offer them. Please call, examine and judge for yourselves.

P. S. COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods at cash prices.

—A lot of **STOVES** on hand, which will be sold cheap.

GEO. ARNOLD.

Gettysburg, Sept. 24.

THE GREAT CHINA STORE

OF PHILADELPHIA.

THANKFUL to the citizens of Gettysburg and its vicinity for their increased custom, we again request your company to view our large and splendid assortment of

CHINA, GLASS & QUEENWARE.

Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, and single pieces, either of Glass, China or Stone Ware, sold in quantities to suit purchasers, for less than they can be had elsewhere—

IN FACT AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

AMERICAN AND ENGLISH

BRITANNIA METAL GOODS,

in greater variety than ever before offered in the city.

FANCY CHINA in great variety very cheap.

We would invite any person visiting the city to call and see us—they will at least be pleased to walk around our beautiful store, and to view the finest China and the cheapest the world produces.

Very respectfully,

TYNDAL & MITCHELL,

No. 219 Chestnut Street.

Philadelphia, Sept. 17.

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE.

Worsdel's Vegetal Restorative Pills

HAVE been gradually but surely coming into favor, among the families of this Country for some years past. They have done this entirely through their great worth as a FAMILY MEDICINE. Agencies have been appointed, but no puffing and humbug such as is resorted to by quacks to sell their medicine has been done. The Pills are offered for sale and have and will continue to be sold by all the principal storekeepers. The proprietors claim for their medicine the following advantages over all others—viz: They are PURELY VEGETABLE. They are CERTAIN TO OPERATE. Their operation is free from all PAIN. They can be used with equal benefit by the YOUNGEST INFANT and the STRONGEST MAN—their efficiency in *Fever, Sore Throat, Headache, Habitual Constipation, Dyspepsia, Cholera Morbus, &c.*, has been proved upon thousands. They are a Certain Cure for Worms. The proprietors possess a certificate from a gentleman in St. Louis who was cured of a TAPE WORM by the use of them.

Try them—they will not fail.

Travelling agent for the State of Pennsylvania—CHARLES P. AXET. For sale, price 25 cents a box, containing FIFTY PILLS, with full directions, by the following Agents in Adams County:

S. S. FORNEY, and S. H. BUEHLER, Gettysburg; LILLY & RILEY, New Oxford; SNEEDINGER & BR. Littlestown; A. T. WRIGHT, Bendersville; JACOB S. HOLLINGER, Heidlersburg; W. R. STEWART, Petersburg.

A. WEEKS & CO.

Proprietors, Laboratory No. 141 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Feb. 5.

Freights from Philadelphia.

REGULAR LINE OF CARS.

THE subscriber runs a Regular Line of Burthen Cars between PHILADELPHIA AND YORK, for the Transportation of all kinds of Freight to or from York and the adjoining Counties.

Prices of Freight on Merchandise generally, 30 cents per hundred.

Groceries or Hardware, when 6000 lbs. or more, 25 cents per hundred.

Coffee, if 6000 lbs. or more, 20 cents per hundred.

Salt per sack, 30 cents per hundred.

All kinds of Freight to Philadelphia solicited and carried at low rates.

Warehouse in Philadelphia, at No. 365 Market street.—A. L. GERHART, Agent.

Warehouse in York at Rail Road Depot, adjoining P. A. & S. Small.

HENRY KAUFFELT.

York, April 20.

THEY'VE COME !!

NEW STORE & NEW GOODS!

THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has OPENED A STORE, on the South-east corner of the Diamond, (the building lately used as a Hotel,) where can be found a FULL AND COMPLETE assortment of

DRY GOODS,

For the Fall and Winter Trade,

such as

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Satinets, Vestings, Cords, Silks, Mousline de Laines, Cashmeres, Alpaca, Calicoes, Muslins, Plaid Linseys, Shawls, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Ribbons, Fringes, Laces, Edgings, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Groceries, Queensware, BOOTS, SHOES,

Cloth and Glazed CAPS, &c. &c.

As it would require too much time to enumerate all the names and varieties of Goods in an advertisement, we say to all, you will be welcomed at any time, to call and give a thorough examination, as it will afford us great pleasure in showing what we have.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods.

By strict attention to business, and a desire to give satisfaction, I hope to merit and receive a share of patronage of the public generally.

A. B. KURTZ.

Gettysburg Sept. 17.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

THE subscriber, determined to retire from business, offers his

ENTIRE STOCK OF

Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, &c.

to his customers, and the public generally, from this date, at prices to suit, without regard to cost. His assortment is full, Goods fresh, and will be sold LOWER than they can be had elsewhere in the County. The public will do well to avail themselves of the present opportunity.

A few barrels No. 1 fresh HERRING, best quality, at \$5 per barrel, and 125 cts per dozen.

JOHN M. STEVENSON.

Sept. 3.

NEW FALL GOODS.

Still Cheaper, & No Humbug!

D. MIDDLECOFF

HAS just received from Philadelphia, an extensive and very complete assortment of

American, French, and English

DRY GOODS,

embracing every variety of style and quality, having been selected with reference to the Fall Sales, and will be offered at prices to challenge competition. Feeling confident that purchasers will further their interests in so doing, he respectfully solicits an examination of his goods and prices.

Oct. 1.

MYERS' LIQUID CURE,

A positive and never-failing Remedy for PILES,

Whether Internal, External, Blind or Bleeding, Scrofula, White Swellings, Ulcers, and Ulcerated Sore Throat, Canker Sore Mouth, Rheumatism, Cutaneous Diseases, Mercutial Affections, &c.

Also for Scalds, Burns, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, &c.

We feel justified in proclaiming

THE FACT TO THE WORLD

that of all medicines ever brought before the Public, NONE have ever been more beneficial to afflicted humanity than "Myers' Liquid Cure." We know that this is saying a great deal, but but if we were to write Volumes, we could not say too much in praise of this

Health restoring, Life prolonging Remedy.

Hundreds, nay thousands, bless the happy hour when first they were made acquainted with its transcendent virtue; and our present purpose is to inform other thousands, how and where they may obtain that relief, which they perhaps, have long sought for in vain.

The superior excellence of this preparation over all other medicines for the speedy and permanent cure of

PILES,

is well known to all who have tested it. It has been proved in thousands of instances, and has NEVER FAILED

to cure the

MOST OBSTINATE CASES,

and we are confident it

will NEVER FAIL

if used a proper length of time according to directions. As a proof of our entire confidence in its efficacy, we assure all purchasers that, if after a proper trial, it prove ineffectual, the Money paid for it will be returned.

"The Liquid Cure" is an effectual Remedy for Ringworms, Bites, Pimples, Barbers' Itch, Frost-bites, Chloasma, Salt Rheum, Mosquito Bites, Stings of Poisonous Insects, &c., and for Cutaneous Diseases of every description.

It is both safe and effectual for

RHEUMATISM,

giving immediate and permanent relief.

No preparation now before the public can surpass the excellence of the "Liquid Cure" for Scalds, Burns, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, &c. Its effects as a

REAL PAIN KILLER, are MAGICAL.

Every Family in the Land should provide themselves with this Invaluable Preparation, the cheapness of which places it within the reach of all.

Full directions accompany each bottle.

Pamphlets, containing copies of certificates from those who have tested the "Liquid Cure," may be had Gratis of our authorized agents.

"Myers' Liquid Cure" is prepared only by

GEROME & CO.,

21 Spruce Street, New York.

For Sale by KELLER KURTZ, General Agent for Adams County.

July 30.

COACH MAKING.

THE subscriber, thankful for past favors respectfully informs the public that he continues the **COACH-MAKING BUSINESS**, in all its various branches, at his Old Stand in York street, (formerly Buckingham's) where he has on hand, and will manufacture to order

CARRIAGES,

Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.

all of the best materials, and by the best of workmen. Call and judge for yourselves.

LEONARD STOUGH.

Gettysburg, April 20.

NEW

HARDWARE AND GROCERY

STORE.

JOHN FAHNESTOCK

RESPECTFULLY announces to his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a NEW

Hardware and Grocery Store,

in Gettysburg, at "M. Clellan's Corner," where can be found a general assortment of every thing in his line. Having examined both the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, he is enabled to offer his goods at reduced prices, and can confidently assure them that they can be purchased lower than they have ever been sold before. His stock consists of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

such as Nails, Cross cut Saws, Planes and Bits, Locks, Hinges, Screws, Chisels of every description, Raps and Files, Saddlery of all varieties, Shoemakers' Lasts and Tools, Morocco Leather and Linings, Shovels, Forks, and a general assortment of

Table Cutlery & Pocket Knives;

in short, every article belonging to that branch of business. Also a complete assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OILS & DYE STUFFS,

and a large, full, and general assortment of

Groceries, Fish & Cedar Ware,

all of which he has selected with great care and purchased on the very best terms, thus enabling him to sell at such prices as will give entire satisfaction. He solicits and hopes for strict attention to the wants of the community to receive the patronage of the public.

JOHN FAHNESTOCK.

Sept. 17.

THE

WHY'S & WHEREFORE'S.

THESE are the times in which men look for the doings of the world and general information to the Press, which is, by-the-by the true path finder for business men, as well as those who wish to make every Penny count most for themselves. This being the order of the day, the undersigned wishes to keep with the current, and at the same time give the reader a good hint which path to travel to make his money count most. A few good reasons will satisfy the reader at once why it is that the undersigned will and can sell any gentleman a suit of Ready-made Clothing, from the commonest every day suit, to a fine Sunday and superfine wedding suit, cheaper than any other establishment. In the first place, then, he is able to sell cheaper than other establishments, because he is well acquainted with his business. He buys and sells for Cash, and knows when and where and how to purchase his goods. "Goods well bought are half sold." Even if he had no advantages over any one in his line of business, he can still undersell them, because he requires no large profits to make up for lost sustained by credit sales. No one will doubt that the Cash and One-price system, together with small profits, is the best mode of dealing and most advantageous to the purchaser. If any one doubts this, he will be convinced of its truth by calling at the

Clothing & Variety Store,

opposite the Bank, where he will find a large assortment of all kinds of Ready-made Clothing, for men's and boys' wear, together with every article in his line of business—Cloaks, Over Coats, frock, sack, business and dress Coats, Pants and Vests of all descriptions, Woollen Undershirts and Drawers, all kinds of Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Silk Gloves and Stockings, Wrappers, Caps, Hats, together with some fancy articles—Jewelry, Pistols, Knives, and a few Six-shooters, all of which he will with pleasure exhibit for examination to those who call upon him. The prices are such as will satisfy every one that this is the place to buy Fall and Winter Clothing. You will be asked but one price, with but a very small profit. The subscriber takes this occasion to tender to the public his thanks for the liberal patronage which he has thus far received, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Also for sale, a very good and neatly trimmed ROCKAWAY BUGGY, with standing top, and a second-hand Buggy, which will be disposed of very low for cash.

MARCUS SAMSON.

Gettysburg, Oct. 1.

M'Allister's Ointment.

Containing no Mercury, or other Mineral.

M'ALLISTER'S ALL-HEALING OINTMENT,

has been well tested, during the last sixteen years, and more than ONE MILLION BOXES having been sold within the last four years, shows how fast it is coming into public favor; it may be said, truly, this is "THE FAMILY FRIEND," it may be used with perfect safety. IF NO OTHERS AND NURSES knew its value, in cases of Swollen or Sore Breasts, they would always apply it. In such cases, if used freely, and according to the directions, it gives relief in a very few hours.

BURNS—It is one of the best things in the world for Burns.

PILES—Thousands are yearly cured by this Ointment. It never fails in giving relief for the Piles.

Around the Box are Directions for using M'Allister's Ointment for Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Erysipelas, Tetters, Chills, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Nervous Affections, Pains, Disease of the Spine, Head Ache, Asthma, Deafness, Ear Ache, Burns, Corns, all Diseases of the Skin, Sore Lips, Pimples, &c. Stiffness of the Joints, Swelling of the Limbs, Sores, Rheumatism, Piles, Cold Feet, Croup, Swelled or Broken Breast, Tooth Ache, Aque in the Face, &c., &c.

"This Ointment is good for any part of the body or limbs when inflamed. In some cases it should be applied often."

CAUTION.—No Ointment will be genuine unless the name of James M'Allister is written with a pen upon every label.

For sale by my Agents in all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

JAMES M'ALLISTER.

Sole Proprietor of the above Medicine.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE removed to 25 North Third street, Philadelphia.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

AGENTS—S. S. FORNEY, Gettysburg; Joseph R. Henry, Abbotstown; Motter & Rowe, Emmitsburg; J. W. Schmidt, Hanover; C. A. Morris & Co., York; L. Demig, Chambersburg.

June 18.

J. M. STEVENSON has just received a lot of Country STOCKING YARN, Long Leg, superior quality, which will be sold low. Call and see.

Oct. 22.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY

AND REPAIR SHOP.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he still continues to carry on the FOUNDRY BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old establishment, in the Western part of Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand all sorts of

MOLLOVASE,

such as Kettles, Pots, Ovens, Skillets, Pans, Griddles, &c. of all sizes; also, STOVES of every size and variety, including Common, Parlor, Air-tight and Cooking Stoves—among them the far-famed HATHAWAYS.

To Farmers he would say, he has on hand an excellent assortment of

THRASHING MACHINES,

Hovey's celebrated Straw-cutters, the renowned Reyer Ploughs; also Woodcock's and Withers' &c.; also, Pumps, Cutters, Shaws, &c.

BLACK-PUTTING is carried on in its different branches, by the best of workmen.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ALSO OPENED A

BOOT & SHOE SHOP,

in the South end of the Foundry Building, where, with good workmen and excellent materials, the neatest fits and best work will be made.

Ladies will be waited on at their residence.

All of the above mentioned articles will be sold as cheap, for Cash or Country Produce, as they can be had any where else. All orders will be promptly attended to.

Repairing, of all kinds, done at the shortest notice.

T. WARREN.

Gettysburg, May 8.

FRESH ARRIVAL.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, AND JEWELRY.

THE subscriber, in acknowledgment of the liberal patronage hitherto extended to him and respectfully informs them that he has just received from the city a new assortment of

CLOCKS

OF ALL KINDS—ALSO,

JEWELRY,

such as Rings, Breast-pins, Ear Rings, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Guards, &c. &c. Also, and Glasses of all kinds and qualities—all of which will be sold low.

Clocks and Watches REPAIRED, as usual, at short notice. Establishment in Chambersburg street, next door to S. H. Buehler's Book and Drug Store.

July 31.

ALEXANDER FRAZER.

NEW YORK DRY GOOD STORE.

LORD, TAYLOR & CO.,

No. 208, Chestnut street, Philadelphia,

HAVE now on hand, just received direct from the manufacturers, a full assortment of

SILKS, CASHMERES, MERINOES, DE LAINES, SHAWLS, &c. &c.

The colors and designs being of their own selecting, and entirely their's.

Linen, Hosiery, Haberdashery, and all the different makes of Domestic Goods, constantly on hand, wholesale and retail.

L. T. & Co. never deviate from first price.

We are daily receiving goods from the New York Auctions.

Philadelphia, Oct. 1.

DR. TOWNSEND'S

OFFICE MANUFACTORY

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA,

New Jersey, Right side Up!

The election for members of the Legislature in New Jersey, took place on Tuesday last, and notwithstanding many difficulties and local questions which operated in favor of the Locofocos, the Whigs have succeeded in electing a majority in both branches of the Legislature.—The Senate stands—Whigs 10, Locos 9. The House 33 Whigs, 25 Locos. Whig majority in joint ballot 9. This will do.

Look out, Scolds!

At the Court in Chambersburg, week before last, ELIZABETH WELLS was tried on the charge of being a common scold. She was found guilty, and sentenced to be imprisoned for two months, and pay the costs.

Death of Mr. Petriken.

HENRY PETRIKEN, Esq. late Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth, and recently Superintendent of the State Road to avoid the Inclined Plane, died at the Merchants' Hotel in Philadelphia, on Thursday morning last, after an illness of but 3 or 4 days. His remains were taken to Dellefonte for interment.

Five stables were consumed in Chambersburg on Saturday evening week—no doubt the work of an incendiary. They belonged to Ludwig Heck, J. Senesey, and T. J. Early.

A vein of that valuable mineral, Manganese, has been discovered on the farm belonging to the Messrs. Browns, in Allen township, Cumberland county. The vein is large, and promises to yield well. Better than three tons, in a very pure state, have been taken from it already.

Those versed in squirrelology predict that we are to have a severe winter, from the fact that the squirrels have been migrating to the South in large numbers.

Some black hearted miscreant on Tuesday night laid a large log across the railroad three miles below Harrisburg, which threw the Locomotive and passenger train off the track. Fortunately all the passengers escaped unhurt. Such a wretch deserves the severest punishment.

A steamer was due from Europe on Friday; but the wires being put out of order by the late storm, no intelligence had been received from Boston on Saturday morning.

Another Mail-Robbing Postmaster.—Henry G. W. Cronise, former Postmaster at Tiffin, Ohio, has been arrested for mail robbery, and examined before a Commissioner of the Circuit Court of the U. S. at Sandusky. It would seem from the testimony that Cronise stole a package of \$525, the notes all being marked, and that he has since put in circulation some \$60 of the marked bills. Cronise was removed from the office of Postmaster about 4 months ago.

A Heroine for California.—The brig Ark sailed from Newburyport on the 31st ult., for California, with 117 passengers, among whom were three young ladies. One of them is a single woman, without friends (unless of recent acquaintance) or relatives on board. She goes out on her own hook.

Forfeiture of Freedom.—The unlucky free blacks have a precarious time of it in Richmond. If they go to a free State and return they are thrown back into bondage; if they do not go away within two years, they in like manner lose their freedom. The upshot is, now in practice, a settled endeavor, on the part of Virginia law, to expel all free blacks from the State. We learn from the *Richmond Times* that William was arrested last week and brought before the Mayor, who informed him that he had, by remaining in the city two years after the period of his manumission, forfeited his claim to freedom, and that if he was found within the State at the next term of the Court he would be arrested and sold into servitude.

The Voting Lists.—California emigration has a noticeable effect on the voting lists. Taunton (Massachusetts) papers say there is considerable falling off in New Bedford, especially in Nantucket and the Vineyard, where a large portion of the active population have gone or are going to California. From a small town of Waltham, at least one hundred, nearly all voters, have gone to California; and in Newton half as many more; and so on, though not in so great a proportion, in many of the towns of the commonwealth.

A Pauper California Story.—The editor of the *Banner Whig*, writing from Newburyport, tells of a young man named Glines, who escaped from the Poor-house of Byfield when a boy, and went to sea—happened to be near California when the gold was discovered—went there, and has returned with \$15,000 to relieve his parents, whom he found in the Poor-house—and is now about to return to California.

The St. Louis Republican says that \$50,000 of the notes of the exploded Bank of Susquehanna, were recently put into circulation in that quarter. It is said to have been mostly furnished by houses in Cincinnati.

How Juries deal with Lawyers.—It must be regarded as a good thing by juries to get a pair of lawyers occasionally in their clutches. In New York, last week, one lawyer brought another before a jury for spitting in his face.—Verdict for plaintiff \$500.

In the Court of Common Pleas at Manchester, N. H., Mrs. Polly Lord, of Deerfield, was recently sentenced to the State Prison for two years, for retaining and using \$250, which she picked up and kept, knowing the owner.

There are at present 8 persons confined in the St. Louis jail, on the charge of murder.

New York Election.

The election for State officers and Legislature took place in New York on Tuesday last. In the City the Whig majority ranges from 2,000 to 2,500. The Whig candidates for the Senate are elected in each of the four districts, and 12 out of 16 Assemblymen. All the Whig candidates for Judges are also elected.

In 32 Senatorial districts heard from, 16 Whigs and 16 Democrats have been elected.—This makes a tie in the Senate. Twenty-five counties have elected 43 Whig and 23 Democratic Assemblymen. There will probably be a considerable Whig majority in the Assembly.

Returns from 55 counties give the Whigs a reported majority for State officers of 2,013, leaving 3 counties to be heard from, the result in which is expected to make the vote very close.

The Tea Culture in America.—The New York Tribune has late advices from the Tea plantation of Mr. Junius Smith, at Greenville, S. C. His plants are in blossom, and as healthy and flourishing as those of China at the same stage of growth. Everything looks favorable, and Mr. Smith feels abundantly encouraged. He expects to place fresh tea on the tea-tables of London and Paris in twenty days from his plantation. He has a large number of plants, and tea seed enough for half a million more.—The Black descriptions blossomed some time since, and lately the Green plant descriptions have also blossomed. Mr. Smith is collecting about him quite a force of laborers, having recently sent to the north for about twenty hands. He has also made very successful efforts to grow the fig and almond. His next year's crop will be quite an important one. Should Mr. S. succeed in introducing the growth of the tea plant into the United States, he will certainly deserve a statue of gold and the gratitude of the whole country.

A Profitable Speculation.—One of the most lucrative speculations of which we have heard, considering the circumstances, was recently made by two citizens of Columbia, Pa. The Spy says that about two months since they invested \$2,000 in houses, lumber, &c., which they shipped to San Francisco. A few days ago they sold the same articles, now on their way to the gold regions, for \$9,000—thus realizing a profit of \$7,000.—This we consider quite a handsome gain.

Canadian Annexation.—It is said that Quebec is scarcely behind Montreal in pressing the question of annexation to the United States. A manifesto in favor of the project is now in circulation in Quebec with 700 names attached, of men mostly in high standing in that city, of both French and English origin—and from the high ground taken in the movement, it bids fair to result in a pretty general union among the friends of annexation in all that portion of the province.

The Grand Master of the Orangemen at Bytown has come out with an address to the members of all British North America, peremptorily denouncing annexation as utterly disloyal and revolutionary, threatening disaster and danger to the country, and menacing the peace and safety of the people.

JOHN S. BARRY (Dem.) has been elected Governor of Michigan by a large majority.

The Ladies.—Though the brightest flowers are shining in the sunlight, the sweetest fruit is often found in the shade.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday last, in the Presbyterian Church, Rahway, N. J., by the Rev. Mr. Imbrie, Mr. DAVID A. BEZELER, senior Editor of the "Star and Banner," Gettysburg, to Miss FRANCES J. GUYON, of the former place.

JOHN S. BARRY (Dem.) has been elected Governor of Michigan by a large majority.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. B. Keller, Mr. DANIEL LAWRENCE, of Adams county, to Miss REBECCA TRONE, of York county.

On the 16th ult., by J. C. Ellis, Esq., Mr. BENJAMIN HOWELL, of New Oxford, to Miss LEAN LAVANNA, of York county.

On the 1st inst., by the Rev. J. Ulrich, Mr. JOHN WITHERSPON, of this county, to Mrs. RACHEL STARKER, of Cumberland county.

On the same day, by Rev. S. Gutelius, Mr. LEONARD MYERS, of York county, to Miss ELIZABETH YORK, of this county.

On Tuesday last, by Rev. Mr. Sechler, Mr. JOHN HENRY FELTZ, to Miss SARAH ANN SPANGLER—both of this county.

On the 30th ult., by Rev. Mr. Deininger, Mr. WILLIAM WIBLE, to Miss ROSANNA E. BOTER—both of this county.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. PETER MACKLEY, to Miss MARIA SPANGLER—both of this county.

DIED.

In Littlestown, on the 31st inst., Mrs. LEAN LOSTER, in the 65th year of her age.

On the 6th inst., Mr. JACOB THOMP, of this county, aged 47 years 4 months and 23 days.

On the 24th ult., at the residence of her son-in-law, in Seneca county, Ohio, after a long and severe illness, Mrs. ELIZABETH WHITE, relict of Mr. James White, sen. late of Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., aged 73 years.

COMMUNICATED.

DIED.—On the 4th inst., Miss LUCIANA CAROLINE, eldest daughter of Daniel Minnich, Esq. of Latimore township, aged 18 years 1 month and 30 days.

Sister, sister, why dost thou not answer? Say, has thy spirit forever fled, And left this world of care and trouble, To mingle with the glorious dead?

Thou but a month ago wast here, As full of hope as we, And now thou'st bade this world adieu, No more with us to be.

Oh! we would not call thee back again, To walk life's thorny road, But leave thee to enjoy thy slumbers, And reap what thou hast sowed.

Farewell, sister, fare thee well— We will not weep for thee— For we know that all is well— And long for happiness with thee.

There is a dog in Cincinnati, one year old, who is to be the Tom Thumb of the bow wows; he is only 9 inches in length, 5 inches in height, and weighs 2 pounds and 1 ounce. He's safe—he would make a very small sausage.

Price Conundrum.—The following by Miss E. H. Brown, of Meriden, was adjudged best by the late committee, in New Haven: "Why is the great Russian Bear, Nicholas, like a half starved fox? Because he's got Hung(a)ry and wants Turkey."

Baltimore Price Current.	
Flour,	4 94 to 5 00
Wheat,	1 04 to 1 06
Rye,	58 to 63
Corn,	53 to 60
Oats,	30 to 32
Beef Cattle,	4 00 to 5 75

DIVIDEND.
Bank of Gettysburg,
Nov. 1, 1849.
THE President and Directors of this Institution have this day declared a Dividend of **Three per Cent.** payable on or after the 1st inst. 0
J. B. McPHERSON, Cashier.
Nov. 1, 1849. 3t

DIVIDEND.
THE Managers of the "Gettysburg and Petersburg Turnpike Company," have this day declared a Dividend of **One per Cent.** on the capital stock of said Company—payable on or after the 1st inst. 0
J. B. McPHERSON, Treasurer.
Nov. 1, 1849. 3t

Eight Teachers Wanted.
THE School Directors of Cumberland township, will meet at the public house of Conrad Snyder, in the Borough of Gettysburg, on Saturday the 24th inst., for the purpose of receiving applications for the teaching of the several Schools in the Township.
By order of the Board,
JACOB BEAMER, Sec'y. 1d
Nov. 12.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.

I WILL OFFER AT PUBLIC SALE, On Thursday the 6th day of December, 1849, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, the MANSION HOUSE & TANNERY of the late ISAAC McCORD, situate in the Borough of Millerstown, Perry county, Pa.—

On the lot is erected a two-story **STONE HOUSE**, Kitchen, Wood house, Smoke-house, and other Out-houses. Also, on the same lot is erected

A TANNERY, consisting of 32 Lay-away Vats, fourteen of which are under roof, 4 Handlers, 1 Bate, 2 Limes and 1 pool under roof, 4 Leeches, Hide Mill under roof, a Frame Shop, 21 by 90 feet, two stories high, finishing room and dry loft on second floor; Bark house and Bark mill to grind above, and bark room below; Stable, Carriage house, &c., and a never failing well of good water convenient.

Also—Lot No. 45, according to the plot of said town, having thereon erected a large and commodious **FRAME HOUSE**, calculated for a Store and Dwelling House, with Warehouse attached, Stable, and all necessary Out-houses.

Also—Lot No. 118, according to the plot of said town, on which is erected a **TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE**, and Stable.

The above Lots will be sold separate or together, as may best suit purchasers.

Persons wishing to view said properties, can do so by calling on Henry Hopple, now in the occupancy of the Tannery. Should the properties not be sold, they will then be RENTED for one year from the 1st of April, 1850. Conditions made known on the day of sale.

GEORGE HENCH, Agent for the Heirs. 3t
Nov. 12.

WORMS.—As this is the season of the year when worms are most formidable among children, the proprietors of M'Lane's Vermifuge beg leave to call upon parents, soliciting their attention to its virtues for the expelling of these annoying and often fatal enemies of children. Their invention is by a physician of great experience in Virginia, and using it for several years in his own practice, and finding its success so universal, he has been induced at last to offer it to the public as a cheap but certain and excellent medicine. Call and purchase a box.

For sale by
SAMUEL H. BORNHER, Gettysburg;
GALBRAITH & KNOSS, Arentsville;
JOHN McKNIGHT, Benderville;
JACOB S. HOLLINGER, Heidelsburg;
HOLTZINGER & FENNER, York Springs;
JACOB AULBAUGH, Hampton;
J. S. HILDEBRAND, East Berlin;
H. SHRYVER, Littlestown. 1t
Nov. 12.

TEACHERS WANTED.
THE School Directors of Straban township, Adams county, will meet on Saturday the 24th of November met., at the house of Jacob L. Grass, in Hunterstown, at 2 o'clock, P. M., to receive Proposals from TEACHERS to take charge of the different Schools in said township.

Teachers wishing to be employed are requested to attend.

By order of the Board,
WM. F. WALTER, Sec'y. 1d
Nov. 5.

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

THE undersigned has just opened, in addition to his Store, the largest and best selected

STOCK OF CLOTHING, ever before brought to Gettysburg. Also a great variety of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Shirts, &c., all of which will be sold 30 per cent. cheaper than the cheapest.

ABRAHAM ARNOLD 1t
Nov. 5.

FRESH ARRIVAL.—Just received, superior Fresh MACKEREL, N. E. CHEESE, LARD & SPERM OIL, G. A. & Fine SALT, at reduced prices, for sale by

J. M. STEVENSON. 1t
Oct. 29.

CARPET WEAVING.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the Citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has taken the CARPET ESTABLISHMENT, in Baltimore street, so long occupied by Mr. J. HENCKS, where he will be happy to do all work to order in his line of business.

From his long experience in the Carpet Weaving business, and a determination to please, he hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

JACOB BEAMER.

Gettysburg, Oct. 29. 1t

SHAWLS.

JUST RECEIVED and now opening a large lot of Long and Square SHAWLS. These, which will be sold lower than they have ever been offered in the county. Ladies, call soon at KURTZ'S, and examine for yourselves, and secure, ere too late, one of the handsomest and most graceful articles that so richly enhance the costume.

Oct. 22.

FOR RENT,
THE TWO-STORY
BRICK DWELLING,
situate in West York street, Gettysburg, at present in the occupancy of DAVID HENRY. For terms, apply to the subscriber, residing in Hanover.

SAMUEL GUTELIUS. 1t

ELECTION.
Bank of Gettysburg,
Oct. 8, 1849.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders in the Bank of Gettysburg, that an Election for THIRTEEN DIRECTORS, to serve one year, will be held at the Banking-house on Monday the 19th day of November next.

J. B. McPHERSON, Cashier. 1d
Oct. 8.

REMOVAL.
DOCTORS GILBERT & HUBER have removed their Office, and Dr. HUBER his residence, to the house lately occupied by H. J. Schreiner, Esq., opposite the Post-office.

Oct. 8. 1t

NOTICE.
THE subscriber intending to remove from his present residence, is desirous of closing up his business in that quarter, and hereby gives notice to those persons who are indebted to him, either by Note or Book account, to call and settle the same on or before the First of December next. If this notice is not complied with, the accounts will be placed in the hands of the proper officer for collection.

HENRY DOTTERER. 3t
Blair township, Nov. 5.

NOTICE.
Estate of John Hartzell, deceased.
LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of JOHN HARTZELL, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Butler township, he hereby gives notice to all those indebted to said Estate, to pay the same without delay; and those having claims, to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

GEO. J. HARTZELL, Adm'r. 6t
Nov. 5.

NOTICE.
Estate of Hugh Scott, sen., deceased.
LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of HUGH SCOTT, sen., late of Franklin township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, he hereby gives notice to all those indebted to said Estate, to pay the same without delay; and those having claims to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

ABRAHAM SCOTT, Jr. Adm'r. 6t
Oct. 15.

LUMBER YARD.
ON hand and for sale by the subscriber—a large quantity of RIVER BOARDS—Yellow & White Pine Mountain Boards; Pine, Chestnut and Oak Shingles; Scantling & Shingling Laths; Posts, Rails, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold as cheap as possible, for the "Cash only." Persons wanting Lumber, are respectfully invited to call and see.

GEORGE ARNOLD. 1t
Gettysburg, June 11.

Coach Makers, Take Notice!
PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber wishes to sell the Property at present occupied by Mr. Wm. SUMMERS, in the town of Westminster, Carroll County, Md., consisting of a

Brick Dwelling-house, Brick Trimming Shop, and a large WORK and FINISHING SHOP, and other good Out-buildings.

This property is well located, and is every respect well calculated for the Carriage and Coach Making and Trimming business; and as there is a great opening here for a business of this kind, for an enterprising person, any one wishing to purchase will please call on the undersigned.

The terms will be liberal, and a long credit will be given on the greater part of the purchase money.

JESSE REIFSNIDER, Westminster, Md. 1t
Oct. 29.

FARM FOR SALE.
THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, on advantageous terms,

A FARM, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Robert Shuckly, Wm. Bailey, and Wm. Hamilton, within three miles of Gettysburg, containing

184 Acres and 91 Perches. There are about 50 Acres of Woodland, and the rest under good cultivation. There are two

DWELLING HOUSES on the Farm, a double LOG BARN, newly covered, with sheds around it, two wells of water, with a pump in one of them; a sufficient quantity of Fruit Trees, such as Apple, Pear, Peach and Cherry. There is Meadow sufficient to make 40 or 50 tons of Hay yearly. About 1500 bushels of Lime have been put on the Farm, and about 2000 Chestnut rails.

This would suit to be divided into two Tracts, both of clear and wood land.

Any person wishing to purchase, will be shown the Farm, by Abraham Trostle, residing thereon.

GEO. TROSTLE. 1t
Aug. 27.

THE TWO EXTREMES

PROVIDED FOR!

HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

William W. Paxton

HAS commenced the BOOT & SHOE BUSINESS, with HATS & CAPS, and has now on hand a large and complete assortment of

HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, of every description, suitable for men, women and children, which he will sell at low prices for good pay. Call and examine the stock of Goods.

It is not necessary to describe minutely, for—Remember that every article which can make the head and feet comfortable and handsome, in all seasons of the year, can be had at his Store, two doors below the Post-office.

Very superior New York & Philadelphia Silk and Beaver HATS constantly on hand.

Gettysburg, Oct. 15. 1t

TAILORING.
E. & R. MARTIN, AT THE OLD STAND.

North-west Corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, tender their thanks to their customers for past favors, and respectfully inform the public that they continue to Cut & Make

all Garments, in the best manner and on reasonable terms. The Cutting done as heretofore, by ROBERT MARTIN. Fashions regularly received, and every effort made to secure a good fit and substantial sewing. The subscribers hope, by their long experience in the business, and renewed efforts to please, to merit and receive a continuance of the public patronage.

The Fall and Winter Fashions have just been received from the City.

E. & R. MARTIN. 1t

WANTED, immediately—A JOURNEYMAN TAILOR. Also, an APPRENTICE to learn the Tailoring business—one from the country would be preferred.

E. & R. MARTIN. 1t
Oct. 22.

EAGLE HOTEL, GETTYSBURG, PA. [FORMERLY KEPT BY JAS. A. THOMPSON.]

THE subscriber has the pleasure of announcing to his friends and the public generally, that he has taken charge of the large and conveniently located Hotel, in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, Pa., for a number of years under the care of JAMES A. THOMPSON, Esq., and widely and favorably known to the Travelling Public, as the stopping place of the Mail Stages to and from Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Chambersburg, Hagerstown, Frederick, and the intermediate towns. The house has been thoroughly repaired and refurnished, and nothing will be left undone in the effort to sustain the high character of the House and render it worthy of the patronage of the Travelling Public.

The services of attentive Servants and careful Hostlers have been secured, and every requisite convenience will be guaranteed to all who may be pleased to favor me with their patronage.

JOHN L. TATE. 1t
Oct. 15.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he still continues to carry on the FOUNDRY BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old establishment, in the Western part of Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand all sorts of

HOLLOWARE, such as Kettles, Pots, Ovens, Skillets, Pans, Griddles, &c. of all sizes; also, STOVES of every size and variety, including Common, Parlor, Air-tight and Cooking Stoves—among them the far-famed HARTMAN'S.

To Farmers he would say, he has on hand an excellent assortment of

THRESHING MACHINES, Hovey's celebrated Straw-cutters; the renowned Seyler Ploughs; also, Woodcock's and Withrow's; also, Points, Cutters, Shares, &c.

BLACKSMITHING is carried on in its different branches, by the best of workmen.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ALSO OPENED A

BOOT & SHOE SHOP, in the South end of the Foundry Building, where, with good workmen and excellent materials, the nearest fits and best work will be made.

Ladies will be waited on at their residence. All of the above mentioned articles will be sold as cheap, for Cash or Country Produce, as they can be had any where else. All orders will be promptly attended to.

Repairing, of all kinds, done at the shortest notice.

T. WARREN. 1t
Gettysburg, May 8.

D. McCONAUGHY, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the Southwest Corner of the Public Square, one door west of George Arnold's Store. Formerly occupied as a Law Office by John McConaughy, Esq. deceased.

He solicits, and by prompt and faithful attention to business in his profession, it will be his endeavor to merit confidence and patronage.

He is D. McCONAUGHY will also attend promptly to all business entrusted to him as

AGENT AND SOLICITOR For Patents and Pensions.

He has made arrangements through which he can furnish very desirable facilities to applicants, and entirely relieve them from the necessity of a journey to Washington, on application to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, April 3. 1t

SILKS.

THEY'VE COME!!

NEW STORE & NEW GOODS!

THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has OPENED A STORE, on the southeast corner of the Diamond, (the building lately used as a Hotel), where can be found a FULL AND COMPLETE assortment of

DRY GOODS,

For the Fall and Winter Trade,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinette, Satinets, Vestings, Corals, Silks, Mouslin de Laines, Cashmeres, Alpaca, Calicoes, Muslins, Plaid, Linseys, Shawls, Gravats, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Ribbons, Fringes, Laces, Edgings, &c. &c.

Groceries, Queensware,

BOOTS, SHOES,

Cloth and Glazed CAPS, &c. &c.

As it would require too much time to enumerate all the names and varieties of Goods in an advertisement, we say to all, you will be welcomed at any time, to call and give a thorough examination, as it will afford us great pleasure in showing what we have

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods.

By strict attention to business, and a desire to give satisfaction, I hope to merit and receive a share of patronage of the public generally.

A. B. KURTZ

Gettysburg Sept. 17.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

THE subscriber, determined to retire from business, offers his

ENTIRE STOCK OF

Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, &c.

to his customers, and the public generally, from this date, at prices to suit, without regard to cost.

His assortment is full, Goods fresh, and will be sold LOWER than they can be had elsewhere in the County. The public will do well to avail themselves of the present opportunity.

A few barrels No. 1 fresh HERRING, best quality, at \$5 per barrel, and 124 cts per dozen.

JOHN M. STEVENSON.

Sept. 3.

Fancy Furs, Muffs, Boas & Tippets.

Davis H. Solis,

(Successor to Solis, Brothers.)

IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER

of every description of

FURS,

HAVING just returned from Europe, with a select stock of FURS, is now manufacturing them in a very superior style, and trimming them in the most elegant manner, and would invite the attention of MERCHANTS and OTHERS, to his superior and extensive assortment, which, as he MANUFACTURES as well as IMPORTS, he is enabled to offer at such prices as few houses in the United States can compete with.

DAVID H. SOLIS.

88 Arch (Mulberry) Street, 2 doors below 3d St.

Next to Loudon & Co's Family Medicine Store.

Philadelphia, Aug. 20.

Store always closed on Saturdays.

The highest Cash price paid for shipping Furs.

PURE FRESH COD LIVER OIL.

THIS new and valuable Medicine, now used by the medical profession with such astonishing efficacy in the cure of

Pulmonary Consumption, Scrofula, Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, General Debility, Complaints of the Kidneys, &c. &c., is prepared from the Liver of the COD FISH for medicinal use, expressly for our sales.

(Extract from the London Medical Journal.)

"C. J. B. Williams, M. D., F. R. S., Professor of Medicine in University College, London

Consulting Physician to the Hospital for Consumption, &c., says: I have prescribed the Oil in above four hundred cases of tubercular disease of the Lungs, in different stages, which have been under my care the last two years and a half. In the large number of cases, 200 out of 234, its use was followed by marked and unequivocal improvement, varying in degree in different cases, from a temporary retardation of the progress of the disease and a mitigation of distressing symptoms, up to a more or less complete restoration to apparent health.

"The effect of the Cod Liver Oil in most of these cases was remarkable. Even in a few days the cough was mitigated, the expectoration diminished in quantity and opacity, the night sweats ceased, the pulse became slower and of better volume, and the appetite, flesh and strength were gradually improved.

"In conclusion, I repeat that the pure fresh oil from the Liver of the Cod is more beneficial in the treatment of Pulmonary Consumption than any agent, medicinal or dietetic, or regimen, that has yet been employed."

As we have made arrangements to procure the Cod Liver Oil, fresh from head quarters, it can now be had chemically pure by the "single bottle" in boxes of one dozen each.

Its wonderful efficacy has induced numerous spurious imitations. As its success depends entirely upon its purity, too much care cannot be used in procuring it genuine.

Every bottle having on its written signature may be depended upon as genuine.

Pamphlets containing an analysis of the Oil, with notices of it from Medical Journals, will be sent to those who address us free of postage.

JOHN C. BARKER & CO.

Wholesale Druggists and Chemists,

100 North Third Street Philadelphia.

Oct. 8.

COACH MAKING.

THE subscriber thankful for past favors respectfully informs the public that he continues the COACH MAKING BUSINESS in all its various branches at his Old Stand in York street (formerly Backinghouse) where he has on hand and will manufacture to order

GARRIAGES,

Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.

all of the best materials and by the best workmen. Call and judge for yourselves.

LEONARD STOUGH

Gettysburg, April 20.

MAKERBES:

SHAD:

SALMON:

HERINGS:

PORK:

HAMS & SIDES:

SHOULDERS:

LARD & CHEESE:

Constantly on hand and for sale by

J. PALMER & Co.,

Market Street Phila.

Philadelphia.

Sept. 10.

NEW

HARDWARE AND GROCERY

JOHN FAHNESTOCK

RESPECTFULLY announces to his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a NEW

Hardware and Grocery Store,

in Gettysburg, at M. C. Clann's Corner, where can be found a general assortment of every thing in his line. Having examined both the Philadelphia and the more remote markets, he is enabled to offer his goods at reduced prices, and can confidently assure them that they can be purchased lower than they have ever been sold before. His stock consists of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

such as Nails, Cross cut Saws, Planes and Bits, Locks, Hinges, Screws, Chisels of every description, Raps and Files, Saddlery of all varieties, Shoemakers' Lasts and Tools, Morocco Leather and Linings, Shovels, Forks, and a general assortment of

Table Cutlery & Pocket Knives;

in short, every article belonging to that branch of business. Also a complete assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OILS & DYE STUFFS,

and a large, full, and general assortment of

Groceries, Fish & Cedar Ware,

all of which he has selected with great care and purchased on the very best terms, thus enabling him to sell at such prices as will give entire satisfaction. He solicits and hopes for strict attention to the wants of the community to receive the patronage of the public.

JOHN FAHNESTOCK

Sept. 17.

WHY'S & WHEREFORE'S.

THESE are the times in which men look for the things of the world and general information to the Press, which is, by the way, the true pathfinder for business men, as well as those who wish to make every Penny count most for themselves. This being the order of the day, the undersigned wishes to keep with the current, and at the same time give the reader a good hint which path to travel to make his money count most. A few good reasons will satisfy the reader, at once why it is that the undersigned will and can sell any gentleman a suit of Ready made Clothing, from the commonest everyday suit, to a fine Sunday and

superior wedding suit, cheaper than any other establishment. In the first place, then, he is able to sell cheaper than other establishments, because he is well acquainted with his business. He buys and sells for Cash, and knows when and where and how to purchase his goods. Goods well bought are half sold. Even if he had no advantages over any one in his line of business, he can still undersell them, because he requires no large profit to make up for large expenses. He attends to his business himself, and therefore incurs but small expenses, comparatively speaking, in carrying on the same. He sells his Goods for Cash, and therefore requires no large profits to make up for loss sustained by credit sales. No one will doubt that the Cash and One-price system, together with small profits, is the best mode of dealing and most advantageous to the purchaser. If any one doubts this, he will be convinced of its truth by calling at the

Clothing & Variety Store,

opposite the Bank, where he will find a large assortment of all kinds of Ready-made Clothing, for men's and boys' wear, together with every article in his line of business—Cloaks, Over Coats, frock, sack, business and dress Coats, Pants and Vests of all descriptions, Woollen Under shirts and Drawers, all kinds of Shirts, Collars, Gravats, Handkerchiefs, Silk Gloves and Stockings, Wrappers, Caps, Hats, together with some fancy articles—Jewelry, Pistols, Knives, and a few dry shooters, all of which he will with pleasure exhibit for examination to those who call upon him. The prices are such as will satisfy every one that this is the place to buy Fall and Winter Clothing. You will be asked but one price, with but a very small profit. The subscriber takes this occasion to tender to the public his thanks for the liberal patronage which he has thus far received, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

Also for sale, a very good and neatly trimmed ROCKAWAY BUGGY, with standing top, and a second-hand Buggy, which will be disposed of very low for cash.

MARCUS SAMSON,

Gettysburg, Oct. 1.

MALLISTER'S Ointment.

Containing no Mercury, or other Mineral

MALLISTER'S ALL HEALING OINTMENT, has been well tested, during the last sixteen years and more than ONE MILLION BOXES having been sold within the last four years, shows how true it is coming into public favor, it may be said, truly this is THE FAMILY FRIEND, it may be used with perfect safety. It is sold in BOTTLES and TUBS, and its value in cases of Scrofula or Sore Breasts, it would always apply it. In such cases, it is used freely and according to the directions, it gives relief to every case.

BURNS—It is one of the best things in the world for Burns.

PILES—Thousands are yearly cured by this Ointment. It never fails in giving relief for the Piles.

Around the Box are Directions for using M. Hallister's Ointment for Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Erysipelas, Tetters, Chubblain, Nettle Head, Sore Eyes, Quinsey, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Nervous Affections, Pains, Disease of the Spine, Head Ache, Asthma, Diapnoea, Ear Ache, Burns, Corns, all Distresses of the Skin, Sore Lips, Pimples, &c.

Stiffness of the Joints, Swelling of the Limbs, Sore, Rheumatism, Piles, Cold Feet, Croup, Swollen or Broken Breast, Tooth Ache, Injury to the Face, &c. &c.

It is sold in BOTTLES and TUBS, and its value in cases of Scrofula or Sore Breasts, it would always apply it. In such cases, it is used freely and according to the directions, it gives relief to every case.

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NEW GOODS!

GEORGE ARNOLD

is now opening a large

STOCK OF FRESH GOODS,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets,

Cords, Jeans, Silks, M. de Laine, Alpaca,

Wool Colours, Black and Fanny do,

Calicoes, Ginghams, Merinos,

English and French Striped Plaid

and Plain Cashmeres, Ribbons, Flannels, Blankets,

Queensware, &c. &c.

All of which have been purchased in Philadelphia on the very best terms, and will be sold as cheap as any other establishment can offer them. Please call, examine and judge for yourselves.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods at cash prices.

A lot of **STOYES** on hand, which will be sold cheap.

GEO. ARNOLD

Gettysburg, Sept. 24.

THE GREAT CHINA STORE

OF PHILADELPHIA.

THANKFUL to the citizens of Gettysburg and its vicinity for their increased custom, we again request their company to view our large and splendid assortment of

CHINA, GLASS & QUEENWARE,

Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, and single pieces, either of Glass, China or Stone Ware,

solid in quantities to suit purchasers, for less than they can be had elsewhere.

IN FACT AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES

AM

GOVERNOR JOHNSTON.

The subjoined communication will be read with pleasure by thousands in our State. We have great pleasure in placing it in our columns:

At the last anniversary of the First Baptist Church Sunday School, West Philadelphia, the Rev. Mr. Hamner, in the course of his remarks, mentioned that the Governors of several of the States through which he had recently travelled, had been constituted Life members of the American Sunday School Union by the liberal contributions of Sunday School children.

At the close of the services, a collection of more than fifty dollars was taken up for the benefit of their own school, and just as the benediction was about to be pronounced, some one who did not believe that *charity should end at home*, very unexpectedly rose up and said, he really thought they should do something to aid the American Sunday School Union in planting schools in destitute places, etc., etc. He proposed to make the Pastor of the church and the Governor of the State, life members of this Society.—At once the necessary amount, \$50, was secured.

The following letter from Gov. Johnston, accepting the position assigned him by the kindness and respect of his young friends, will be read with great pleasure by every good citizen:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,

Harrisburg, Pa., July 27, 1849.

Rev. T. L. HAMNER:—Dear Sir:—I have received your kind letter communicating the gratifying fact that the Sunday School of the First Baptist Church, West Philadelphia, have procured for me a Life Membership in the American Sunday School Union.

This act of generous kindness I shall ever cherish and remember, and more particularly so, as being the unexpected and voluntary action of those who can have no impure motive, but whose thoughts, like themselves, partake largely of the kingdom of Heaven.

In early life it was my fortunate lot to become a scholar, and subsequently a teacher in a Sunday-school; the impressions there received of the value and importance of Scripture learning, have increased with my advance in life. In the dark hours of worldly trouble, in the bustle of life's affairs, or in the turmoils of political strife, the good man finds in the Bible a consolation and contentment that the unlearned in its holy teachings cannot possess. In the day of our tribulation, when the anxieties, thoughts, purposes and designs of humanity are closing, and the angel of death stands ready to usher the spirit into the spirit-land, it is then the devout reader and follower of the Bible precepts triumphs in the calmness of his death, under the blessed hope of a bright futurity; while the unimformed writhes in mental agony over the doubts and shadows of an uncertain destiny.

The Almighty Father conferred upon his rebellious children no greater blessing than the Holy Scriptures, and man can be employed in no higher and holier duty, than in their distribution and teaching to his fellow-man.

I accept with great pleasure the position assigned to me by the kindness of my young friends, and shall feel obliged by the communication of such acceptance.

With sentiments of sincere regard,
I remain most truly yours,
WM. F. JOHNSTON.
Rev. T. L. Hamner, Philada., General Agent of the Am. S. S. Union.

SPIRIT OF THE AGE.

As regards this Republic, it may be truly said, that the spirit of improvement is abroad in the land—a restless spirit that seeks to increase and facilitate trade, and give velocity to personal locomotion and verbal communication. Railways are being made, traversing the States and the United States in every direction, binding together the Confederacy by strong ties of business intercourse; and wires are being stretched athwart the land, whereby daily and hourly communications are interchanged between the principal cities and villages.

The acquisition of Oregon and California, and the immense emigration thitherward in search of the golden deposits, have revived the vast projects, and will ensure their execution, of connecting the Atlantic and Pacific oceans by a ship canal, and uniting the people of the Atlantic and Pacific slopes by a railway.

There is the route across the isthmus of Tehuantepec, in Mexico, being a distance of one hundred and fifty miles' river and lake navigation, and one hundred and five miles by land. The chief advantage of this route is the fact that it is shorter than the Panama route by *eighteen hundred miles*. The British house of McIntosh & Co. have obtained from Mexico the right of way.

Then there is the Panama route across the isthmus, being a water communication of about thirty miles, and only about twenty-five miles by land. This route has been surveyed, a railway charter obtained, and all the stock taken by American capitalists, and the work soon to be speedily accomplished.

The third route is the "Ship Canal," by the Nicaragua and Leon lakes, with the navigable rivers, making a water passage of 250 miles, and the land passage only 30 miles. A company for the building of this ship canal has been formed in New York, a contract made, and recognized by the late treaty with Nicaragua, and the work to be done within 12 years; this route is nearer to California, by four hundred miles, than via Panama.

The spirit for vast enterprises is surely abroad in the land.

HUNGARY.

Gen. Haynau, in his administration of military authority, loses no opportunity to preserve the bloody character belonging to him. He has murdered, under the guise of a court martial, thirteen Hungarian Generals who had laid down their arms at the close of the war.

Count Bathany, the Prime Minister of Hungary, has been shot, under circumstances which forever will make the Austrian name synonymous with cruelty, treachery and dishonor. To render the last hour of this brave and accomplished nobleman as bitter as possible, he was sentenced to a malefactor's instead of a soldier's death.

To avoid the agony of a halter, the wife of the patriot had a dagger conveyed to him in his linen, with which to anticipate his doom. The Count did not succeed in the suicide, but his throat was so much injured by the wound he had inflicted, that he prevented his murderers from strangling him with the cord. He fell, pierced to the heart by the bullets of Austrian soldiers, his last words being "My country forever." Some ladies of the highest class endeavored to dip their hands into the blood of the fallen patriot, but were prevented by the Austrian bayonets.

Kossuth's Children.—The Vienna correspondent of the London Times, learns from a friend, just returned from Pesth, some authentic information as to the women and children now confined in the castle of that city. He states that Kossuth's two sons and one daughter, as also two of Guyon's children, are in the hands of the Imperialists. The little Kossuths are so totally without pecuniary resources, that Gen. Haynau was moved by compassion to deposit £10 in the hands of the Governor of the castle for their benefit. The tutor of Kossuth's children who was concerned in the rebellion, has been removed by the authorities, but the governess has been left with her helpless charges.

A letter from Vienna mentions a Hungarian aid-de-camp who proves to be a female, only 20 years of age, yet has fought in fourteen of the Hungarian battles.

The Austrian army is henceforth to be composed of 150,000 men in time of peace and 800,000 in time of war.

The total loss of men in the Russian army in the late Hungarian war is, according to the reports of the officers, 3000. The cholera and typhus fever have carried off at least three times that number, so that the loss sustained by Russia in the Hungarian campaign is at least 12,000.

CIRCASSIA.

The fall of the fortress of Achulga, the residence of Schamyl, the celebrated chief, after a desperate and protracted resistance, is announced in letters from St. Petersburg. On the 29th of August the assault was renewed, after three days useless negotiation, every inch of ground being fiercely contested by the besieged, who fought with obstinate bravery. The defenses were covered with heaps of dead bodies. The loss of the Circassians was estimated by the Russians at 1000 men killed, exclusive of those wounded, and 900 made prisoners. Schamyl was not to be found; he had contrived to escape with one of his sons and one of his mistresses. Another of his sons, and his lawful wife, were slain, and a third son was taken prisoner. Schamyl himself was wounded in the arm by a musket ball. The siege of Achulga, thus successfully terminated, had lasted 11 months, during which period the Russians lost 22 officers and 422 men, exclusive of those wounded.

New Explorations in Africa.—The French surpass all other nations in the grandeur of their exploring expeditions to various parts of the world. It is now announced that the Academy of Sciences and the Geographical Society of France have projected an expedition on a grand scale for penetrating the interior of Africa to Timbuctoo. It is to be conducted by scientific men, and will have in view the two-fold purpose of extending our knowledge of this portion of the continent, and of opening new channels for French trade and commerce. It is a singular fact, that notwithstanding the several attempts by Mungo Park, Clapperton, Denham, Oudney, Lander, and Laird for the exploration of that portion of Africa which lies between the Gulf of Guinea and the Mediterranean, none have yet reached Timbuctoo and returned. The only European traveller who has reached this inland city and returned to give an account of it is Caillie, a Frenchman, some ten years since. The expedition now projected, it is said, will have an escort of 800 armed Europeans and 400 Africans.

Destitute Gold Seekers.—A letter of Sept. 7, from San Blas, Mexico, states that there are some poor destitute Chilians, French and Americans wandering about that place, without the means of living, except by charity, being out of funds, on their way to the mines. They were carried in principally by Chilian vessels in distress. The same is, doubtless, the case in most of the towns below the gold region upon the Pacific coast.

Sudden and Afflicting Death.—At the burial of an old lady named Shaw, (wife of Dr. Shaw, of Rochester, N. Y.) in Milford, a Mr. James Laine, a shoemaker of Milford, one of the pall bearers, stopped and fell to the ground; when they picked him up, strange to relate, he was dead. Up to the moment of his decease, he was in apparent good health and made no complaint.



ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, November 12, 1849.

At the late session of the Lutheran Synod at Hagerstown, it was determined to establish a Female Seminary at that place, under the auspices of the Lutheran Church, and a committee appointed to solicit subscriptions.

During the late term of the Court of Quarter Sessions in Franklin county, at which Judge Watts presided, a witness was called to the stand, whose competence to testify was objected to because he did not believe in a future state of rewards and punishments. His Honor, Judge Watts, promptly rejected his evidence, and refused to permit him to testify.

Health of Mr. Clay.

A correspondent of the Louisville Journal, in speaking of Mr. Clay, says "his health is entirely restored, and that, although he has long been intimately acquainted with him, he could scarcely see in him any difference in body, and none at all in mind, from what he was 14 or 15 years ago."

Mr. CLAY arrived, very unexpectedly, at Baltimore on Wednesday evening. His object in coming on so long before the meeting of Congress, was to get over the mountains before the setting in of winter.

Mr. Clay reached Philadelphia on Thursday afternoon from Baltimore, and is the guest of Richard H. Bayard, Esq., formerly U. S. Senator from Delaware. He is accompanied by his son, and is in the enjoyment of excellent health. He will probably remain some ten days in the city. The Daily News says: "It will afford our citizens peculiar pleasure to have the opportunity of testifying to him the high estimation in which they hold his long and continued devotion of his best energies and commanding talents to the great cause of our common country. No man living has so large a place in the hearts of the American people as Henry Clay. He has been a leading advocate of the cause of the people for well nigh half a century; and ever animated by the purest patriotism, and looking solely to the best good of the country, he has won a name and a fame that can never die, whilst the principles which he has advocated. The nation rejoices in the undying honor of his name."

It had been rumored that Mr. Penrose resigned his office at Washington with the view of entering into partnership with Mr. Stevens at Lancaster. The North American, however, contradicts the rumor, and says Mr. P. has returned to Philadelphia, with the intention of resuming his practice there.

Susquehanna Bank.

On Monday last the Cashier of the Susquehanna Bank at Montrose, Pa., was committed to jail, in default of \$40,000 bail, on an alleged charge of defalcation. It is reported that \$85,000 of the funds of the Bank are unaccounted for.

The Bank is supposed to be a total wreck. A large amount of its paper was in circulation, much of which, it seems, was put out very recently, under circumstances calculated to produce the impression that knavery has been long contemplated by the owners and directors of the concern.

Thanksgiving Day.

The Governors of nearly a dozen States have already issued their proclamations designating Thursday the 29th inst., as a day of thanksgiving for the blessings which we have enjoyed during the year. Last year there was a very general unanimity in the selection of thanksgiving day. The morally sublime spectacle was presented of the people in a large number of independent sovereignties uniting in thanksgiving to the Author of all their blessings for the kindness and care he had graciously extended to them. We hope that a similar unanimity may be observed this year.

Death of a Missionary.

Intelligence has been received of the death of Mr. Maynard, who was one of a party of five missionaries, with their wives, who left Boston for Smyrna last month. Mr. Maynard, and Mr. Dodd went out to establish a mission to the Jews at Salonica, the ancient Thessalonica.

Elective Judiciary.

The Kentucky convention, after a week's debate, has adopted the several articles of the new constitution reported from the committee, providing for an elective judiciary. The four Judges of the Court of Appeals are to be chosen by districts, one to be chosen every second year, and are to hold their offices for eight years.

The steamer De Kalb, on her trip from Augusta to Savannah, on the 30th ult., burst her boiler, by which accident the Engineer and two firemen were killed.

A large drove of cattle was run into on Monday last, on the New Haven railroad, by the trains coming from and going to New York. Fifteen cattle were killed, and ten of the passengers seriously injured. Both trains were thrown off the track towards each other. The locomotives were considerably damaged, and the passengers awfully frightened as well they might.

A great shooting match is to come off at New York on the 12th of February. The wager is \$1,000 against \$200, that Mr. John Travis, of that city, said to be the best pistol shot in the country, cannot, out of 100 shots with a duelling pistol, hit a "bull's eye" target, two inches across, 90 times. The distance to be shot is 12 paces, and 50 shots to be fired each day.

A stage, with eleven passengers, was upset on Monday last, near Pottsville, by the horses running away. Rev. Mr. Foot, of Northumberland, and Mr. Eastman, of Bangor, Maine, were badly bruised; and Mr. Buck, a merchant of Muncy, Pa., had his thigh broken.

Late from Europe.

The steamer Washington arrived at New York on Tuesday, bringing London papers to the 20th of October.

She brought 150 passengers, among whom is the Hon. Richard Rush, late Minister to France; Hon. Romulus M. Saunders, of N. C., late Minister to Spain; Hon. W. H. Stiles, of Geo., late Charge d'Affaires at Vienna; Hon. R. P. Flenniken, of Pa., late Charge at Copenhagen; each accompanied by his family; also Bishop Southgate. She has a very heavy and valuable cargo of German and French goods.

There had been a further advance in the price of Cotton.

Fresh executions had taken place in Hungary. It is said that some of the first nobles in the Kingdom were condemned to death, and that the thirst for blood was almost insatiable.

The Turks were busily engaged preparing for war. The English and French fleets were on their way to the Dardanelles, and the indications are in favor of hostilities with Russia. It is said that the Russian charge d'affaires at Paris had made known to the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, that Russia would regard the entrance of the French fleet into the Dardanelles as a declaration of war; and on the other hand, the French Council of Ministers have decided that France will consider, as a cause of war, the entry of a Russian army on the Turkish territory.

Interesting from New Mexico.

We understand, says the National Intelligencer, that the War Department has received from Col. Washington, commanding in New Mexico, the interesting intelligence that he had concluded a treaty of peace with the formidable tribe of Navajo Indians. Col. W. returned to Santa Fe on the 25th of September from an expedition into the country of the Navajos, during which they entered into the treaty. Previous to concluding the treaty, however, the head chief of the tribe, Narbona, was killed in a skirmish. This chief had been for thirty years the scourge of the inhabitants of New Mexico. The valleys in the Navajo country are represented as being exceedingly fertile, and the corn crops very abundant. The tribe numbers from seven to ten thousand souls, of whom between two and three thousand are warriors, who are generally well mounted, and armed with guns or lances, and bows and arrows.

Autographical Counterfeit Detector.

Our neighbor, KELLER KURTZ, has laid upon our table a very useful pamphlet, entitled the Autographical Counterfeit Detector, which contains fac-simile signatures of the Presidents and Cashiers of all the Banks in the U. States. It will be found of very great service to every individual who has money to handle in these times of counterfeiting. It is certainly very cheap—its price being only 25 cents. It can be had at Mr. Kurtz's Bookstore, opposite the Bank.

"Stewart's New York Pictorial, and Mother's Spelling and Reading Book."—This is the title of a new book for children, published by W. STEWART, of Hagerstown—and is certainly an excellent one. It is for sale by KELLER KURTZ, at his Bookstore, opposite the Bank.

Godey's Lady's Book.

The December number of this beautiful periodical has already been received. It is decidedly the most handsomely embellished number of the year. It is a double number, and four pages over. There are 24 engravings in all, and 40 contributions. Godey has certainly fulfilled all his promises—and has given his patrons a beautiful volume in the last year. He now says that the Lady's Book for 1850 shall surpass that for 1849, and exceed all magazines past, present, and to come; and he spares no pains nor expense when he has determined upon anything of this kind. He furnishes the "Book," with two splendid premium plates, at \$3 per year; two copies for \$5; five copies for \$10; with the engravings in all instances. For \$20 in advance, ten copies of the Lady's Book, and a copy of a magnificent print to each subscriber. Address L. A. Godey, 113 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Graham's Magazine.

The December number of Graham is already on our table—and fully sustains its high character. Its embellishments are beautiful, and its contents interesting. A new volume will be commenced on the first of January, with attractions of unrivaled splendor. A series of "Arthur's Illustrated Nonvellettes" is to be commenced in the next volume; and colored plates, of great beauty, are to be furnished, in addition to the usual elegant Steel and Mezzotint Engravings regularly furnished. The terms are \$3 in advance, for Graham, and a large and magnificent Print, and also a new and beautiful engraving, "Bearing the Saviour to the Tomb;" for \$5 two copies; for \$10 five copies; for \$20, eleven copies—with the engravings in each instance. Any person forwarding a club of 20, or upwards, shall receive for his trouble a complete copy of W. H. Graham's "American Historical and Biographical Library."

Address Samuel D. Patterson, No. 98 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.

The Hungarian Refugees.

We have not been disappointed in our estimate of the intentions of Gen. Bem, the gallant Pole, in forswearing his faith. He has already been raised to a high position in the Turkish army. It is stated that when the demands of the Austrian and Russian governments were made known to the Hungarians at Widin, almost all the fugitives appeared inclined, in the first instance, to forswear their Christian creed, but were dissuaded from the unworthy, although in some degree excusable, act, by an eloquent appeal from the valiant Kossuth. Bem and some twenty officers only embraced the religion of Mahomet. Bem declared that it was his vocation to fight Russia, and he would turn to any quarter whence he could fulfill that vocation. He made a public profession of the various tenets of the Mahomedan faith, received the name of Amurath, and was immediately raised to the dignity of a Pasha.

Thanksgiving in the U. States.

Thanksgiving day in Florida, November 1st; New Hampshire and North Carolina, November 15th; Maine, Vermont, New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Ohio, November 29th.

The bodies of the lamented Worth, Duncan and Gates, left New Orleans on the 1st inst. in the steamer Ohio for New York. They were expected to arrive in that city on Friday or Saturday last, but the funeral ceremonies, (for which great preparations have been made,) will not take place until the middle of this week.

George Null was tried at Chambersburg week before last, on the charge of killing a negro at Waynesboro', on the night of the 8th of September, and was acquitted. It was very evident from the testimony that no other person than Null could have stabbed the negro—the people generally believe he did it—but the fact could not be legally proven, and the consequences were too serious to depend upon opinions. So thought the Jury.

JOHN W. FARRELLY, of Pa., has been appointed by the President, Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, in the room of P. G. Washington, removed. This is an important change, and has been anxiously looked for. There will also be, of course, a great change among the subordinates in the office.

We learn that Thomas J. Gross, who for 18 years has been Assistant Clerk of the House of Representatives of this State, died at the Trappe, Montgomery county, on the 28th ult. in his 46th year. He was a most excellent officer, and deservedly held in high esteem. Perhaps no Legislative body ever had a more assiduous, attentive and competent clerk.

A mammoth hog is now being exhibited at Philadelphia, which is said to weigh 1,470 pounds, and is only a few months old. He is so fat that he is unable to stand upon his feet.

A despatch from St. Louis of Tuesday last, says that the Cholera had re-appeared at St. Genevieve, Missouri, and was quite prevalent and fatal.

Wholesale Ascending.

On Friday night week, about 50 negroes, of all ages and sexes, with teams, crossed the river from the Missouri side to Illinois. They were pursued and overhauled on Saturday morning, and after a desperate resistance and the loss of their leader, who was killed, they were captured.

Horrible.

A revolting case of rape and murder took place a few days ago, near Palmyra, Missouri. A negro committed violence on an interesting little girl, 14 years of age, and then murdered her. For fear of being detected, the inhuman monster turned round and killed her brother, aged 11 years. The wretch was arrested, and was to be BURNED ALIVE on Friday last!

Ladies' Collars.

The Philadelphia Times says, that young ladies having taken to wear standing collars, now supply themselves from their brothers' assortment.

We saw one or two ladies in the streets yesterday, says the editor, with collars so stiff they could not turn their heads to look round at the beaux; and we are told that a lady's ear was found in the Walnut street theatre, yesterday morning, evidently cut off by the too great stiffness of the standing collar of some one in the fashionable crowd of the night before.

No Railroads at Rome.

A correspondent of the London Daily News writes as follows:

"I hear the cardinals have decided that the railway to Naples is a useless scheme, tending only to inundate Rome with worthless foreigners; they have therefore indefinitely suspended the works, and thus thrown thousands of people out of employment, now that it is so much needed."

We have heretofore noticed the great destruction of property attending the overland emigration to California. The St. Louis Republican publishes a letter on the subject, from which we extract the following:

From Laramie, after the first fifty miles, dead cattle and fragments of wagons came in sight, and, as far as here, I have counted one thousand wagons that have been burnt or otherwise disposed of on the road. Destruction seems to have been the prevailing emotion of every body who had to leave any thing on the trip. Wagons have been wantonly sacrificed without occasion by hundreds, being fired for the apparent purpose of preventing them from being serviceable to anybody else, while hundreds have been used by piecemeal for fuel at nearly every camping-ground by each successive train. From Deer Creek to the summit the greatest amount of property has been thrown away. Along the banks of the North Platte to where the Sweetwater road turns off, the amount of valuable property thrown away is astonishing—iron, trunks, clothing, &c., lying strewn about to the value of at least \$50,000 in about twenty miles. I have counted about 500 dead oxen along the road and only three mules.

Fire near Hagerstown.—On Saturday night week the dwelling house of Mr. E. Koontz, about 4 miles from Hagerstown, Md., was consumed by fire. The house was all in flames when the family awoke. Mr. Koontz saved a great part of his furniture. He has strong suspicions of the supposed incendiary.

Fortune for a Crazy Woman.—A suit at Pittsburg, in behalf of the heirs of West Elliott, for one-fifth of the town of Temperanceville, has just resulted in a verdict in favor of Matilda Elliott, who heretofore used to parade the streets of Pittsburg under the name of "Crazy Till." She is now in the hospital in Philadelphia.

Remarkable Fact.

The Cincinnati Gazette, in an article contrasting the conduct of a Locofoco administration with that of the Whigs, states the remarkable fact, that during the nine years between 1830 and 1845, when the Locofocos governed Ohio, the State debt was increased from \$900,000 to the enormous sum of \$20,018,515!—and that the credit was at a very low ebb.—From March, 1845, to January, 1849, four years, the Whigs governed the State. During this time the State debt has decreased \$1,699,092! and the credit of the State was completely restored. Comment is unnecessary.

Original of Washington's Farewell.

The executors of Mr. Claypoole, of Philadelphia, offer for sale the original manuscript of Washington's Farewell Address. It should be purchased by the General Government. The late venerable Wm. Rawle thus describes it:

Mr. Claypoole produced to me the original, and I saw with reverence and delight a small quarto book containing about thirty pages, all in the hand writing of this great man. It bears throughout the marks of original composition. There are many erasures and interlineations, a transposition of paragraphs, and other indications of its coming immediately from the hands of an unassisted individual. I counted the number of lines in the whole work, which amounted to 1,086, and of lines erased there were 174.

Pennsylvania Judges.

The Hon. Ellis Lewis, of Lancaster, who, when a boy, left York county to seek a trade, and became an apprentice to the printing, has recently returned there to hold the special courts, as the President Judge—thus becoming the arbiter of the rights of the associates of his early boyhood, whom he left to seek his fortune under the most adverse circumstances. He first became a printer, then an editor, member of the Legislature, Attorney General of Pennsylvania, and President Judge of several judicial districts—among them that of Lancaster. Judge Durkee, of the same county, who was engaged as counsel in the cases for trial at the special courts, also commenced life under unpromising circumstances, and, like Judge Lewis, also became an eminent lawyer and judge.—Sua.

Music by Telegraph.

We had the pleasure this evening, says the N. Y. Express of the 31st ult., of listening to the transmission of music by telegraph over the wires from Boston to New York.

We happened to be in the office, 5 Hanover st., in this city. When there was a pause in business operations, Mr. W. Porter, a young but skillful operator in the Boston office, asked us what tune we would have; we replied "Yankee Doodle," and, to our surprise, he immediately complied with our request. The instrument commenced drumming the notes of the tune as perfectly and as directly as a skillful drummer could have made them at the head of a regiment, and many will be astonished to hear that "Yankee Doodle" can travel by lightning.

We then called for "Hail Columbia," when the notes of that national air were distinctly beat off. We then asked for "Auld Lang Syne," the notes or sounds of which were also transmitted. A friend called for "Old Dan Tucker," when Mr. Porter also sent that tune, and if any thing, in a more perfect manner than the others. So perfectly and distinctly were the sounds of these tunes transmitted, that good instrumental performers could have had no difficulty in keeping time with the instrument at this end of the wires. This is one of the many telegraphic novelties.

Sabbath Convention.

A Convention of Delegates and Friends of the Christian Sabbath, from the counties of York, Adams, Cumberland, Perry and Dauphin, is to assemble in York, on Wednesday the 28th inst. at 10 o'clock.

The Boston Post says that since 1836 there have been charters authorized in Massachusetts for \$52,822,000 in manufactures, \$38,037,000 in railroads, and \$14,696,800 in miscellaneous branches. During the same time and amid all the tremendous increase of business produced by the employment of these charters, bank capital has been almost stationary. It has not increased more than \$6,000,000, to speak within bounds, since that time.

Over 1200 foreign immigrants arrived at Boston last week. One vessel which arrived from Liverpool, lost 25 of her passengers and one seaman by cholera on the passage. One hundred steerage passengers left Boston on Monday last, in the ship Plymouth Rock, for Liverpool, who have been in this country for some time, and are returning to Ireland to bring out their families in the spring.

Counterfeits on the Lancaster Bank.—We find the following description of a new counterfeit on this Bank, which has recently made its appearance, in the National Police Gazette: "10's on the Lancaster Bank, Pa., letter B, dated January 1st or 2nd, (could not distinguish which,) 1841. The bills are signed Christ. Tachmar, Cashr., James Evans, President.—Vignette, a naked female sitting with a staff in her right hand, her face turned left, no spots visible on the eye, a spread eagle on her left side, (the right side of the vignette,) resting on her shield; a ship, all sails set, on her right, badly engraved; the hull or bottom looks like a floating saw log, square at both ends.—Double medallion heads on the right end of the bills, also badly executed. The other figures on the bill are good, all purporting to be engraved by Underwood, Spencer & Huffy, Philadelphia and New York. These bills are not described in any of the last detectors."

Smoke and Counsel.—A New York journal says the single item of cigars for the Common Council of that city, from May 1st, 1848, to November 1st, 1849, is \$2,962! The present generation of counsellors show themselves true descendants of their Dutch ancestors.